

EuroGeographics products meeting EU user needs

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Eurostat

E4-Regional Statistics and Geographic Information

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Content of the presentation

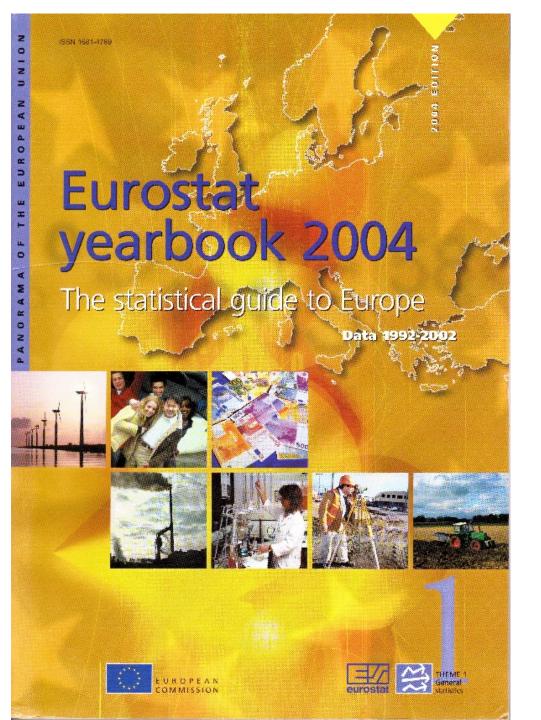
- 1. Why the Commission uses EuroGeographics products
- 2. Role of GISCO
- 3. The main EuroGeographics products for the Commission
- 4. Applications of importance
- 5. Advantages and disadvantages of EuroGeographics products
- 6. Our wish list for the future



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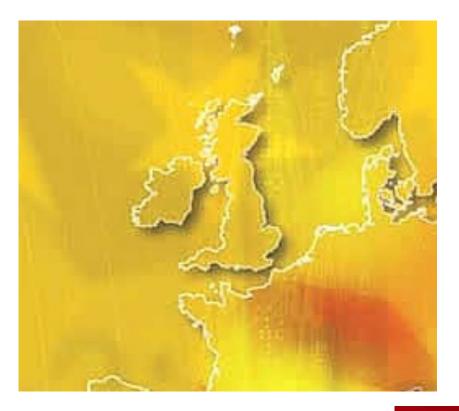


A good reason to use reliable /authoritative geographic information



FINANCIAL TIMES

The reactions



Wales disappears from map of Europe

Simon Briscoe OCTOBER 5, 2004

The omission of Wales from a new European Union reference book has sparked an outpouring of grief from the principality.

WalesOnline

Eurocrats accused of going nuts

Eurocrats leave Wales off EU map

A bureaucratic blunder has left Wales off a map of Europe on the cover of a prestigious EU reference book.

The Eurostat Statistical Compendium has all the facts and figures on Europe.

All EU member states, and the

rostat

Where's Wales? Well, it used to be between England and Ireland...

rest of Britain, are accurately represented on the cover - but Wales has disappeared and been replaced by the Irish Sea.







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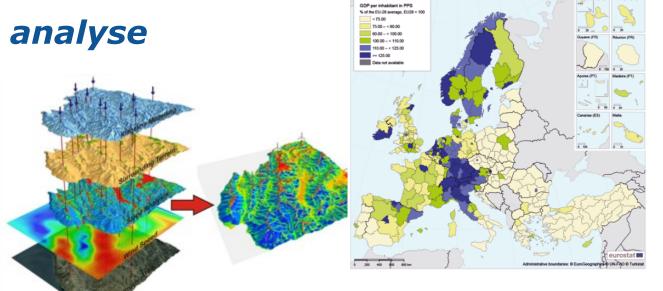
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GISCO - the Geographic Information System of the Commission

visualise

Map 1: Gross domestic product (GDP) per inhabitant, in purchasing power standard (PPS), by NUTS 2 regions, 201



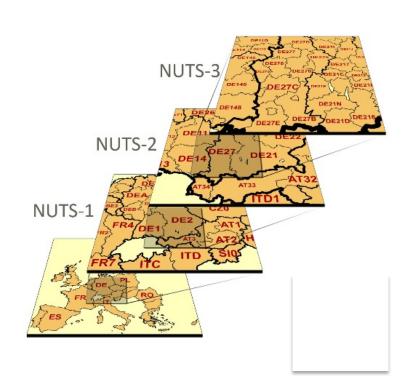
localise





GISCO is service provider to Eurostat and the European Commission+

- Map making
- Spatial analysis projects
- Support of statistical production
- Provision of Commission wide geospatial data, software and services
- GISCO as coordinator of geospatial information use within the European Commission and Agencies
- Promoting the integration of statistics and geospatial information in Europe





Geospatial data is essential for statistics

Location - just as time - is a key factor in statistics for:

- collecting,
- processing,
- storing,
- analysing and
- aggregating data.

Statistics on a specific area help understanding the relevance of information.



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Pan-European data: Current usage

- **EBM** (1:100 000)
 - For cartography, spatial analysis, statistical units
- **ERM** (1:250 000)
 - For cartography, EU-wide transport network analysis
- Other datasets:
 - GAUL, TomTom Multinet©,
 CLC, OpenStreetMap, etc.







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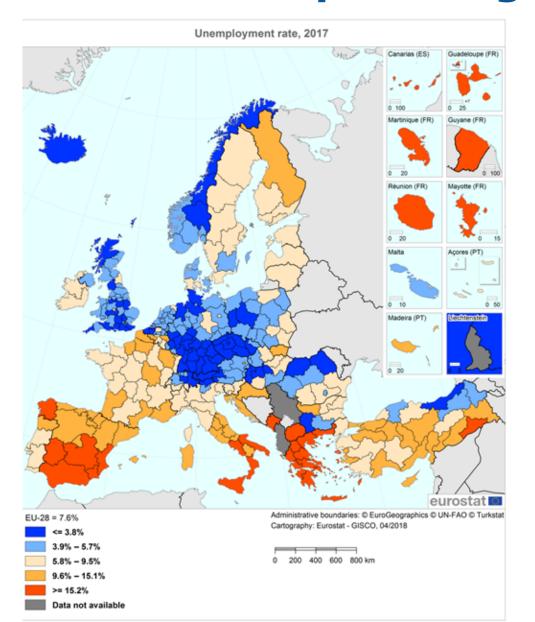
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... in Eurostat



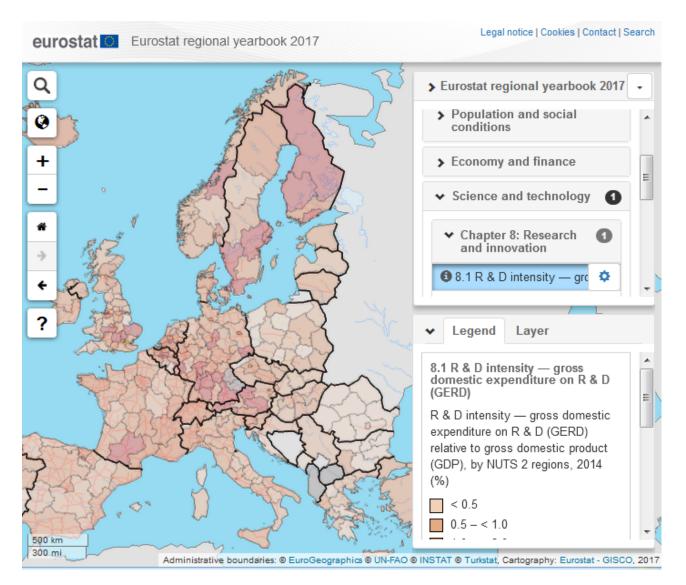
Map making



Eurostat's statistical maps



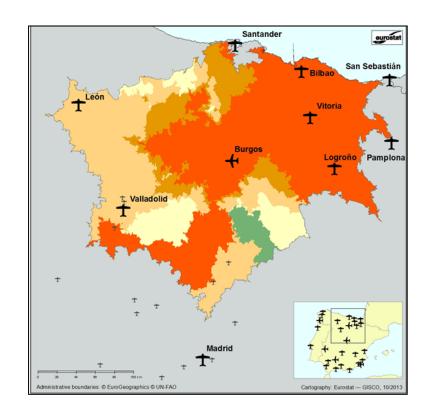
Eurostat's Statistical Internet Atlas





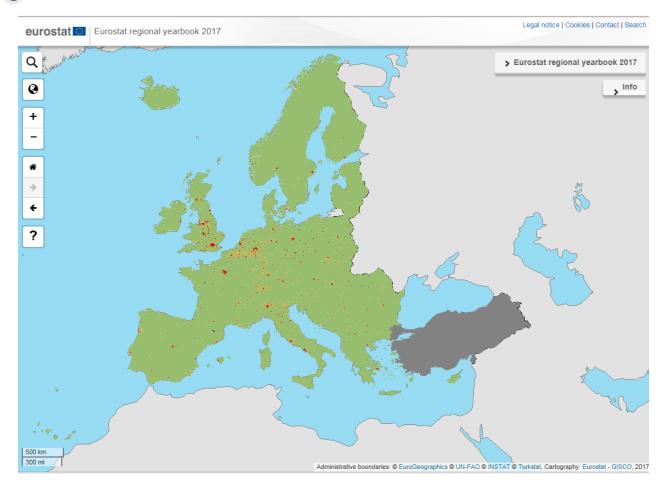
Spatial analysis

- Delineate areas
- Network analysis
- Catchment areas
- Disaggregation

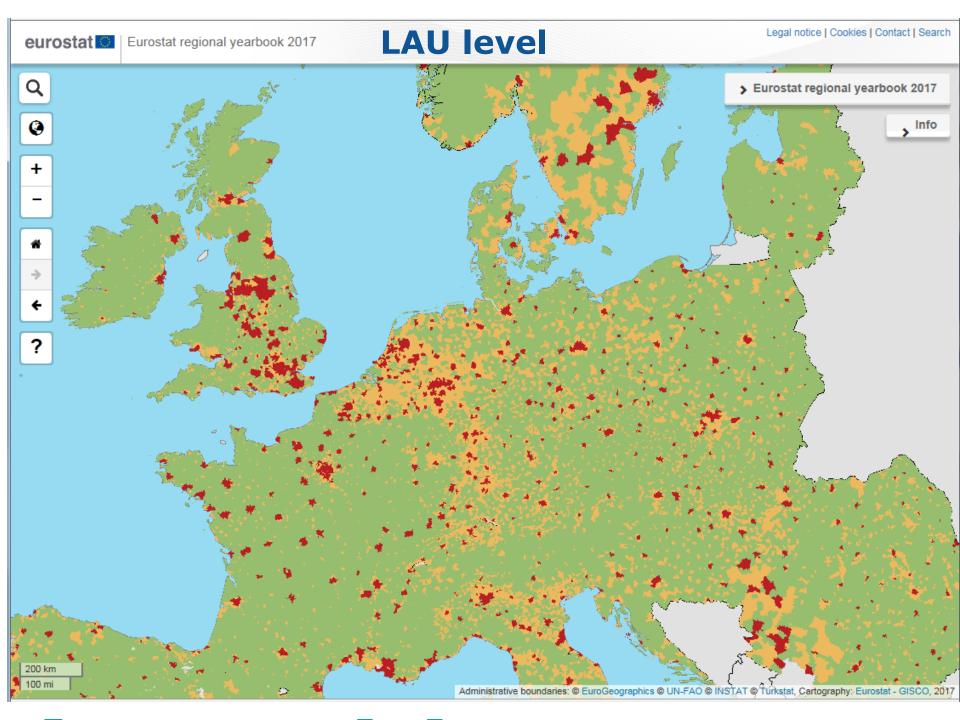




... Commission (Eurostat) shall maintain and publish [...] Union typologies composed of territorial units at the levels of NUTS, LAU and grid cells.



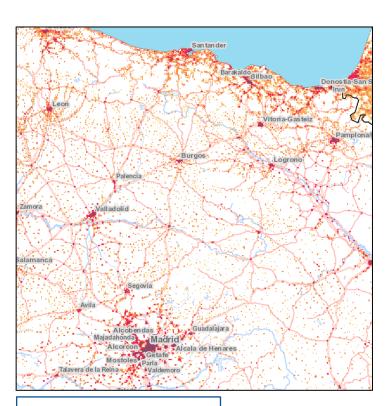




Spatial analysis for transport

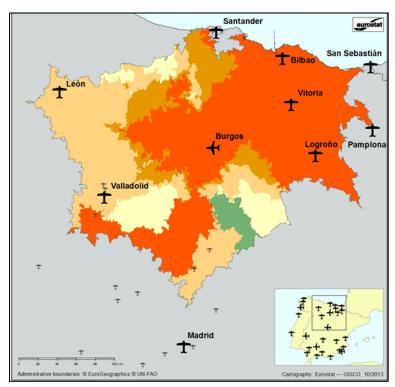
Airport Catchment Analysis





Input:

- Airports
- Transport network
- Population



Output:

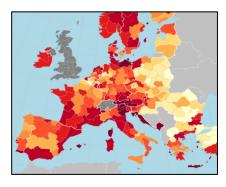
 Accessibility indicators on airports



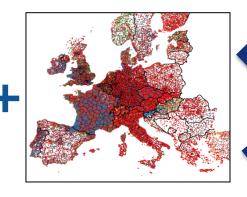
Spatial analysis for tourism statistics (Eurostat)

Disaggregation

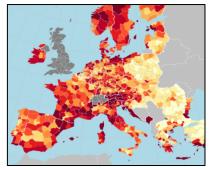
NUTS 2 statistics on touristic activity



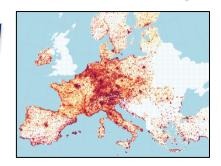
Geographical location of touristic accomodations



NUTS 3 statistics on touristic activity



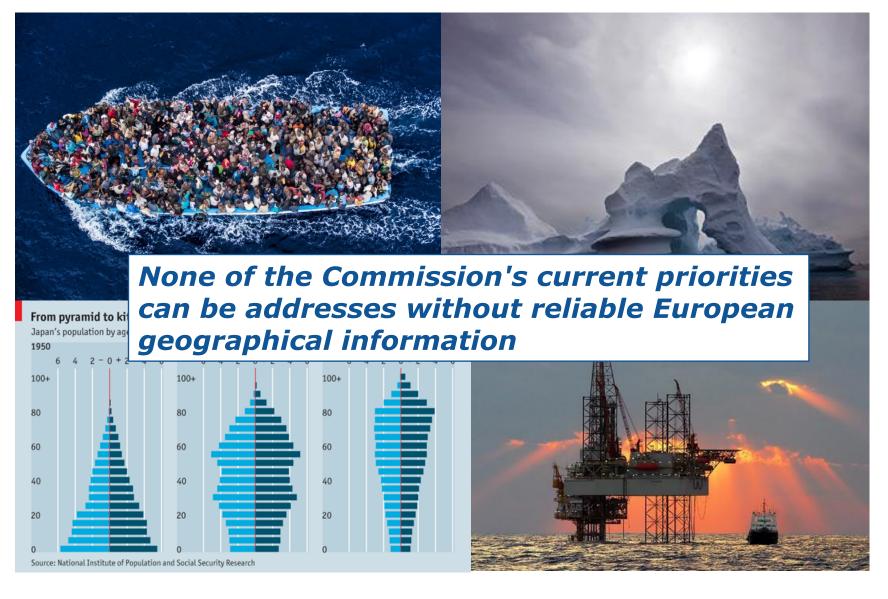
10km grid statistics on touristic activity





... as well as in the rest of the Commission

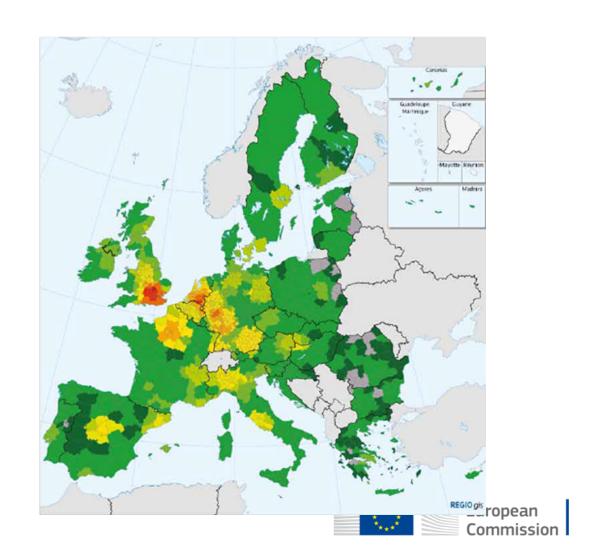






GI for transport (DG REGIO)

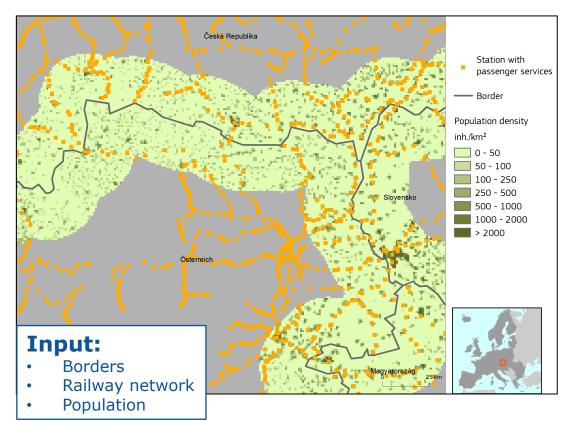
Access to passenger flights using road network and airport locations

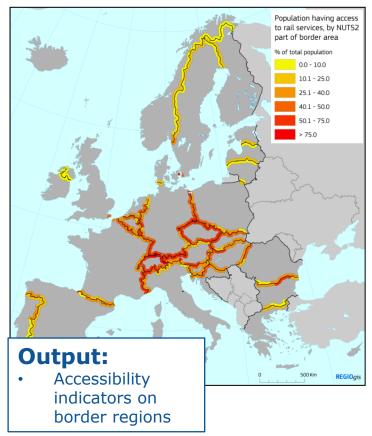


GI for transport (DG REGIO)

Assessment of passenger rail accessibility in

Europe's border areas





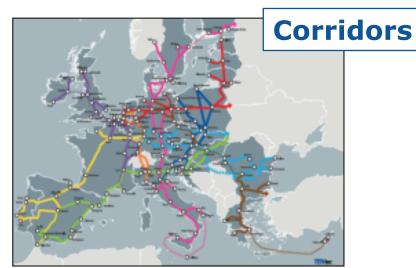


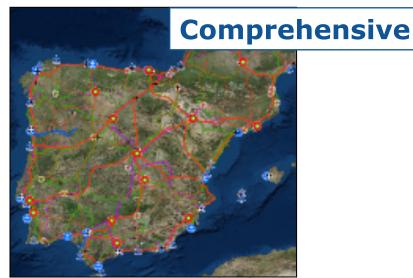
GI for transport (DG MOVE/ENER)

- Definition of Trans-European Networks of Transport (TEN-T)
- Need for GI on roads, railways, inland waterways, Ports, airports, multimodal platforms

3 levels of granularity: Corridors, CORE,

comprehensive

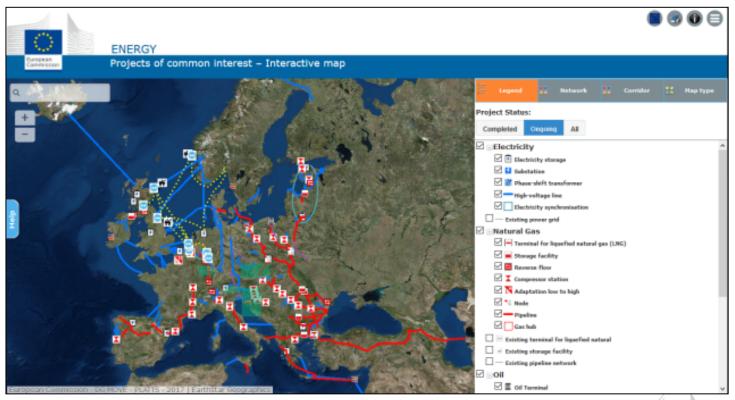






GI for Energy Policy

- Definition of Projects of Common Interest (PCIs)
- Need for GI on electricity, gas oil, smart grid, etc.





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EBM Strengths and weaknesses

Strengths

Authoritative data from Member States
Integrated dataset for Europe
Detail until commune level (LAU 2)
Good geometrical level of detail (1:100k)



Weaknesses

Licensing conditions

Timeliness, update frequency

Geometric consistency between versions (unchanged boundaries)

Geographical coverage (Eastern European Countries, Middle East)



ERM Strengths and weaknesses

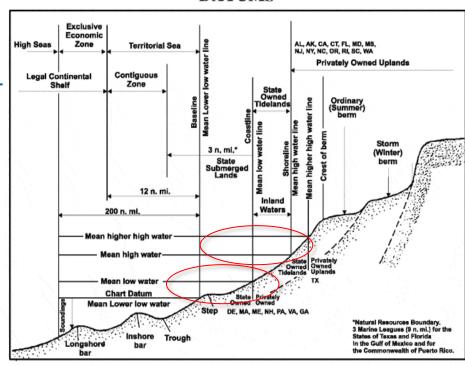
Strengths

Authoritative data from Member States

Integrated dataset for Europe
Integrated transport networks
Harmonised classifications
Consistency across themes

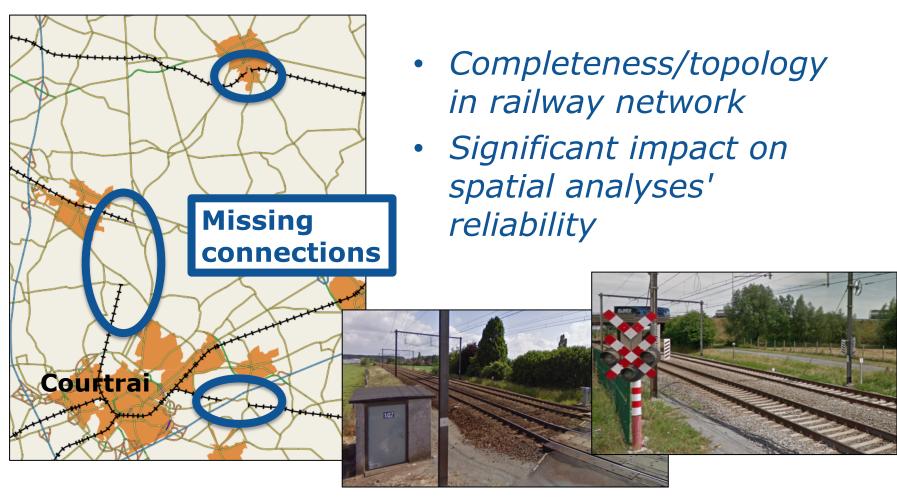
Weaknesses

Too coarse resolution (1:250k)
Licensing conditions
Update frequency and timeliness
Issues with completeness and
topology



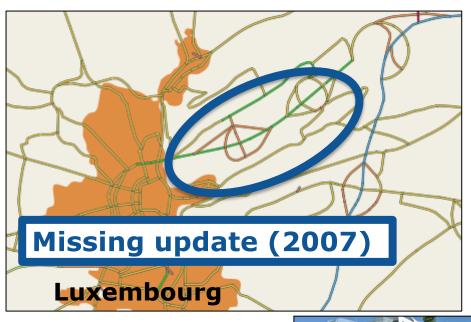


Example of limitation in ERM





Example of limitation in ERM



- Temporal accuracy in road network
- Significant impact on spatial analyses



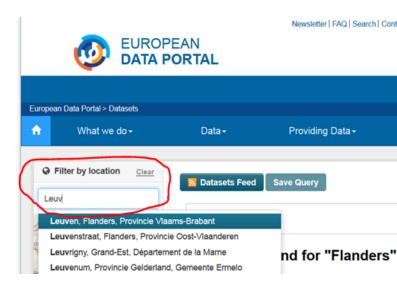


EU wide geospatial products desperately needed

EuroGeoNames (EGN *2006 - † 200?)

Background

- The Commission is struggling with the use of authoritative geographical names inside and outside EU on a daily basis
- There is a huge demand for harmonized authoritative and complete geographical names data in a Web-Services-Infrastructure
- Use cases are mapping and search for locations/ gazetteer





Situation: Cyprus authorities strongly regret and object to the use of illegal toponyms in the interactive map of Cyprus

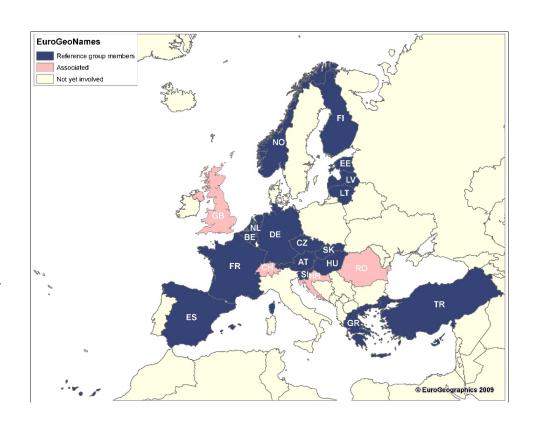


Reaction: For illustration only "The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the European Union."



And why did the Commission decide not to use EuroGeonames?

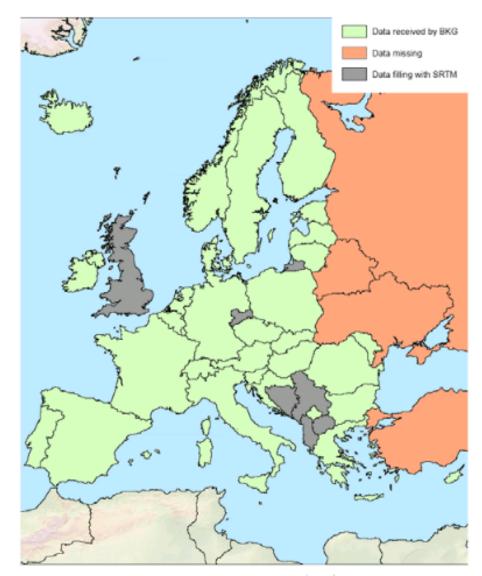
- Incomplete geographical coverage
- Complicated license conditions with excessive liability provisions – already in the test license





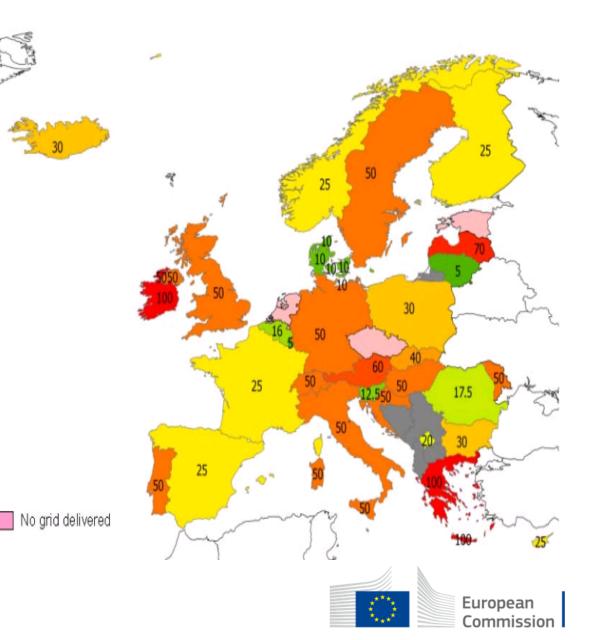
EuroDEM

- Digital Elevation
 Model with a 60m
 resolution
- Input data from different sources with accuracy/ cell size (TIN, Raster, Contour lines, SRTM) with various accuracies
- Restrictive Licence Model and quite expensive





Result: Very different resolution levels in different countries



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Wish list for the future

Enhanced data quality

- Better resolution/level of detail (1:100k 1:50k)
- Wider thematic coverage (Addresses, Postal codes, Points of Interest, UN-GGIM: Europe Core data.
- Stable identifiers
- Better completeness, positional accuracy, topological quality
- Coverage to Eastern Countries, Middle East, North Africa

Enhanced data support

- Better timeliness & update frequency (continuous?)
- Feedback collection mechanism better responsiveness

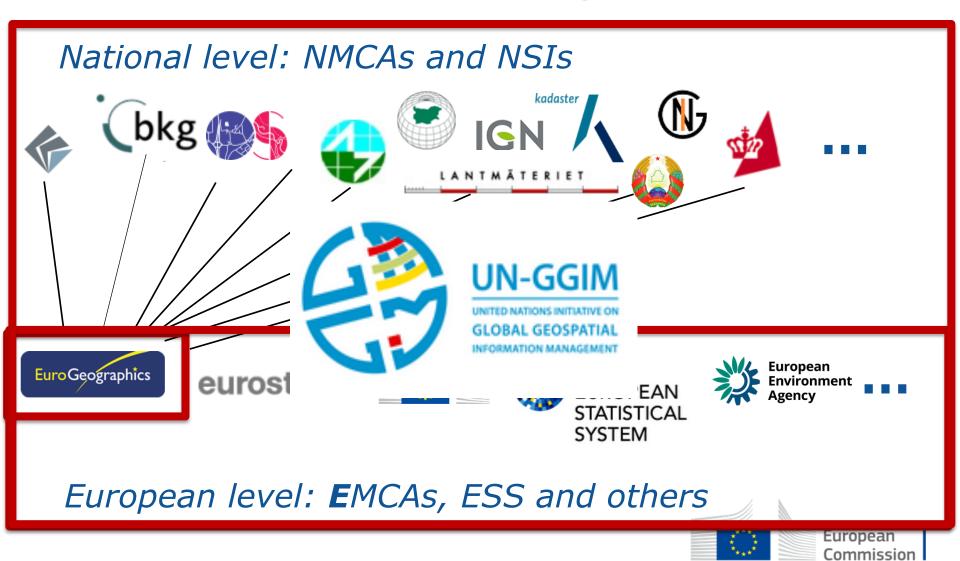
Enhanced access and use conditions

Better licensing conditions for redistribution

Enhanced cooperation for data integration

Intensive cooperation between NMCAs and NSIs for SDGs and GI for statistics

From national to European geographical data production and integration



Thank you for more than 25 years of excellent cooperation

From SABE 1991 ...



... to 2018 EXM and OpenELS

OpenELS | European Location Services



