





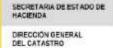




Role of National CLR Systems in the ELF-Cadastre Project

Amalia Velasco Martín-Varés Dirección General del Catastro. Spain













Role of National CLR Systems in the ELF-Cadastre Project

- 1- Introduction....Why?
- 2- What ELF is
- 3- ELF Cadastral Index Map
- 4- Other ELF services
- 5- ELF applications
- 6- Access to ELF products
- 7- Future
- 8- Conclusions







There are growing demands and expectations for

- highly detailed,
- authoritative,
- •harmonised,
- •cross-border

geospatial information for evidence-based decisions;

both from

- Institutions (CEE UNGGIM)
- Citizens and companies













We must offer the information to the European society to promote added value initiatives that encourage the development

We need facilitate the access to information of real estate to make possible the exchange of real estates between people of different countries.

We should promote our information as **support to the European politics** that act on the territory, environmental, fiscal, safety and emergencies, etc ...

The PSI Directive

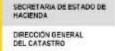










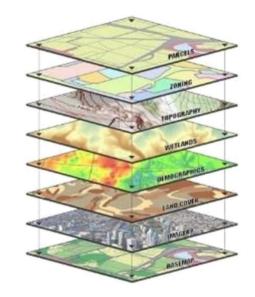






Society needs authoritative, high resolution dataset

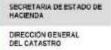
The United Nations Committee of Experts on Global Geospatial Information Management



Decision 5/103,

There is an urgent need for a set of global fundamental geospatial data themes that could be harmonized in order to enable the measurement, monitoring and management of sustainable development in a consistent way over time and to facilitate evidence-based decision-making and policymaking.











To do it

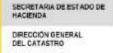




connection between statistical and geographical information is essential

- To conduct high-quality (demographic, economic, environmental, health, etc.) surveys,
- To do monitoring and spatial analysis
- as well as to represent and disseminate statistical data

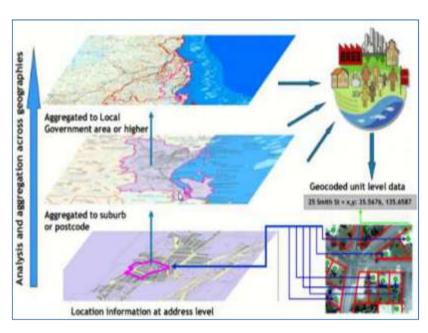






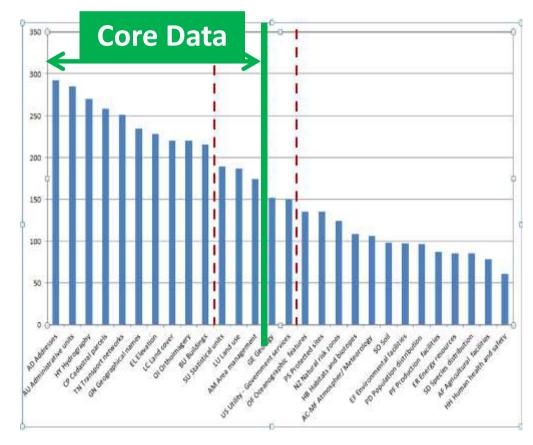


UN wants integrate information from the National Statistical Institutes and Eurostat with geographic information of the IGN and cadastral organizations of each country, and combine it with other information in the territory.

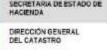


Source: http://unstats.un.org/unsd/envaccounting/ceea/meetings/ninth meeting/UNCEEA-9-8j.pdf

Geospatial data more required by the use cases













There are another policies that oblige us to provide our data

The PSI Directive

2013/37/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 amending Directive 2003/98/EC on the reuse of Public Sector Information "public data such as geographical,....should be made available for innovative products"

Digital Agenda Digital Agenda Digital Single Market Interoperability & Standards Trust & Security Very Fast Internet Research & Innovation Enhancing e-skills ICT for Social Challenges











Also growing exchange of real estates between people of different countries. They need information





MINISTERIO

SECRETARIA DE ESTADO DE HACIENDA

EJN in civil and commercial matters

Going to court

.egai ald

Succession

proceedings

Registers

Victims of crime

Rights of defendants in criminal

Tools for courts and practitioners

Mediation



Euro Geographics



Q

Recent updates | Looks



Tools for courts and practitioners

Registers

Find a

Glossaries and terminology

European judicial training

Dynamic forms

Access to justice in environmental

European Judicial Atlas in civil matters

Land registers help to facilitate land-related administrative tasks of citizens, legal professionals, state authorities, private companies and other interested parties. The official register information is open (in a majority of EU countries) to banks, creditors, business partners and consumers in order to enhance transparency and legal

certainty in European Union markets.

Please consult relevant subpages to find more information on the land registers at European level and national land registers.

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Last update: 27/04/2016









European E- justice Portal



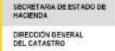


Stakeholders



- All 28 EU Member States and especially the institutions that are legally competent for administering data related to land management, whether juridical, regulatory, fiscal or merely informational
- The Land Register associations or networks (EULIS, ELRA, ELRN)
- DG Justice
- JRC (Joint Research Centre) INSPIRE Directive











Society has discovery of geographic information;

There are new challenges many of them related to cadastre:

- Geo-location services
- Citizen science and crowdsourcing
- New ways of monitoring emerging issues e.g. human bio-monitoring
- Data from new providers
 e.g. mobile phone operators
- Big data
- Data protection and information security



Economic and social globalization

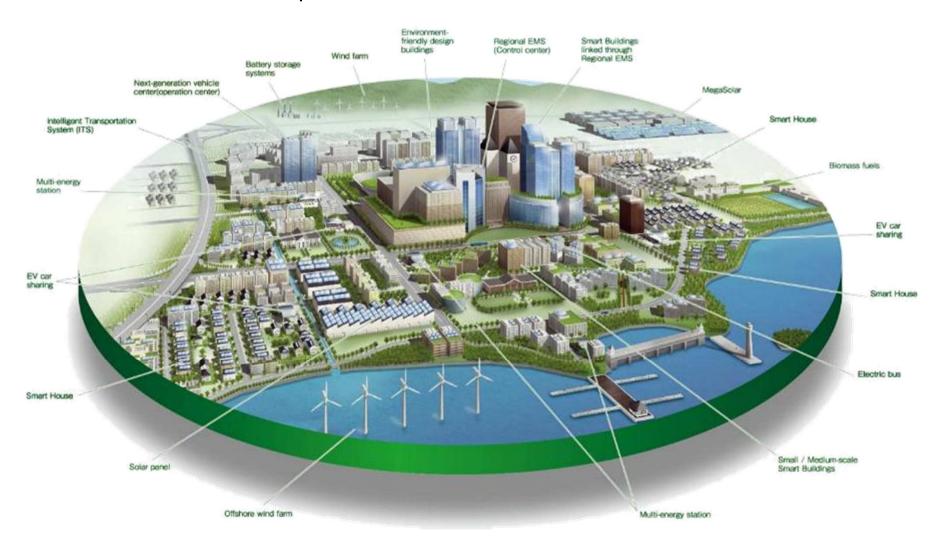




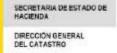




Smart Cities development needs also authoritative reference data –







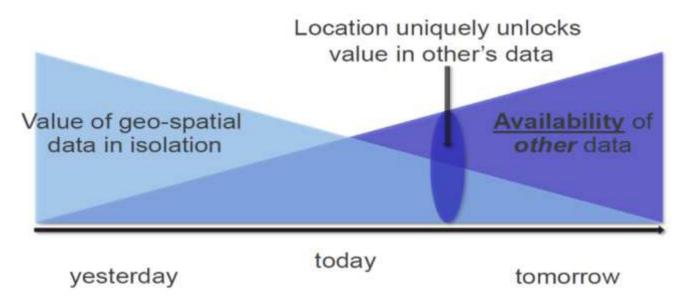






It is necessary also cadastral data that can be combinated with other data

VALUE FROM GEOSPATIAL DATA IS CHANGING



For this reason it is important:

Colaboration,
Standars
and mainly clear accesibility conditions



SECRETARIA DE ESTADO DE HACIENDA

DIRECCIÓN GENERAL DEL CATASTRO











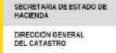
Is Cadastral data necessary?

Space component
+
In situ data providers

Copernicus services











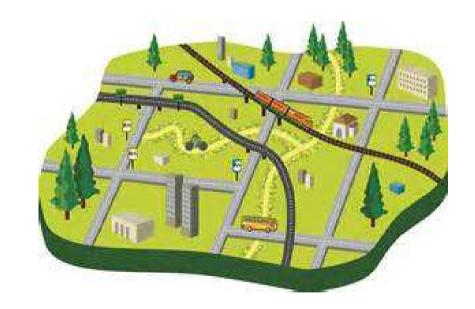


The Land Monitoring Service

Essential geospatial data sets

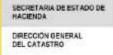


- ✓ Ortho-imagery
- ✓ Buildings
- ✓ Administrative units
- ✓ Hydrographic network
- ✓ Land cover/use
- ✓ Transport networks
- ✓ Digital elevation models



Preferably delivered via web services











The Emergency Management Service

Essential geospatial data sets



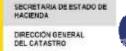
Emergency Management Service

- ✓ Ortho-imagery
- ✓ Assets at risk
 - ✓ Building footprints and blocks
 - ✓ Built-up areas
- ✓ Hydrographic network
- ✓ Land cover/use
- ✓ Transport networks
- ✓ Digital elevation models



Preferably delivered via web services







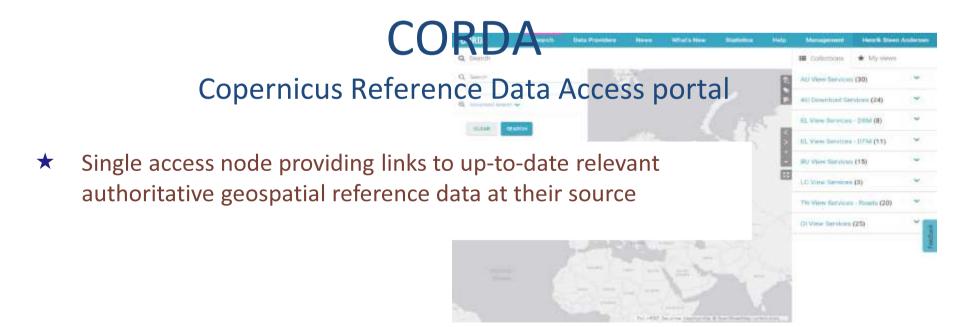




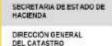


EEA would like being able to use the official information of the member countries, but it meets problems:

- still not standardized information
- different models of access to the information
- different regulatory requirements









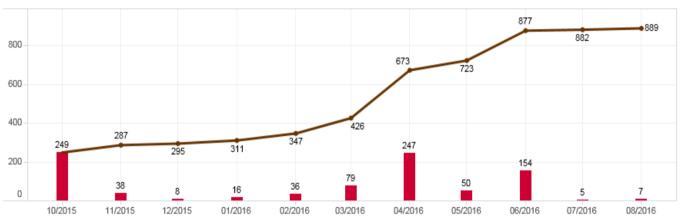


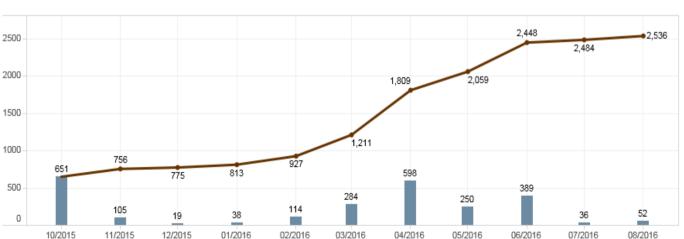


CORDA

Datasets & Spatial Data Services



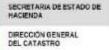




Administrative units
Transport networks
Elevation
Land cover
Ortho-imagery
Buildings
Land use

Geographical names
Cadastral parcels
Hydrography
Statistical units
Demography
Natural risk zores











Imagine some flooding

What is needed to monitoring the damages and to make fast mapping?

Cadastral data (for example buildings)

Other data

and it should be possible to combine these data with other information



Is flooding stoping at the border?

It is necessary to:

Harmonize data and services.

Describe them in a common semantics.

Establish agreements between the institutions.

Harmonize the access

Would it not be better to can achive the data with a unique access?



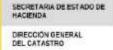




... is ELF the answer?



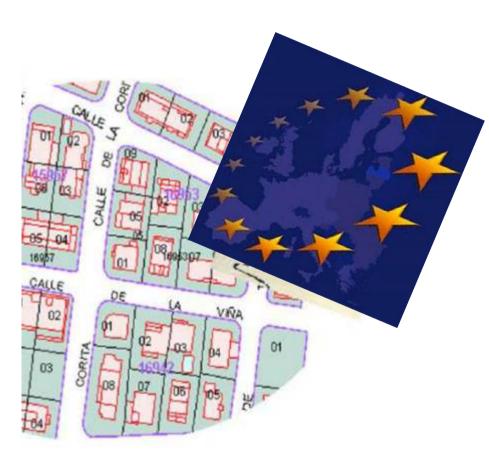








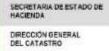




Role of National CLR Systems in the ELF-Cadastre Project

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cloud-based and cascadesupporting architecture platform that provides INSPIRE compliant geoinformation The goal of this project has been to deliver

up-to-date,

authoritative,

interoperable,

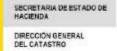
cross-border,

reference geo-information for use by the European public and private sectors.

The objectives are:

- to build a high performance platform and associated cloud services that support multiple national feeds and a wide spectrum of value-added services
- to **demonstrate the usability** of the ELF platform and cloud services for key European policy areas and other users including SMEs
- to develop sample applications
- to **integrate of 3rd party** thematic datasets and National Spatial Data Infrastructures for service implementations **based on specific user needs**











ELF brings INSPIRE to the practice

Cadastral Parcels CP

Addresses
 AD

Administrative Units AU

A Hydrography HY – phys & network

Sea regions SR

Transport Networks TN – road, rail, air, cable, water

Geographical Names GN

Elevation
EL – grid & vector

Land Cover
LC

■ Buildings BU – 2D & 2D extended

Protected Sites
PS







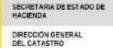


ELF highlights

- ★ The ELF Basemap administrative and topographic
- ★ The Cadastral Index Map including parcels, addresses and buildings
- ★ The ELF national download services
- ★ The Cascaded Download Services
- ★ The GeoLocator
- ★ The Geo Product Finder
- ★ The GeoTools



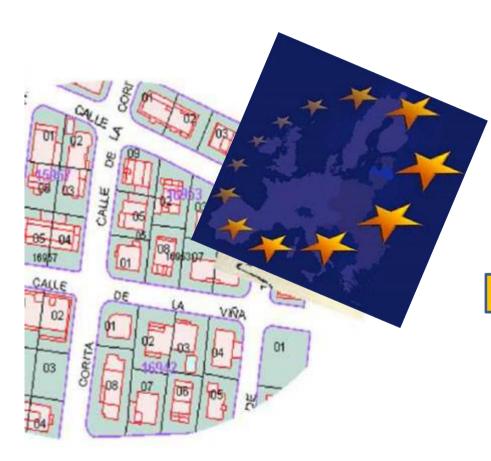












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The Cadastral Index Map



The <u>first ever</u> pan-European map showing cadastral parcels, addresses and buildings



14 Countries, currently includes 8 countries, more to come ...



This service can only be provided by the NMCAs!



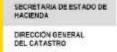
Fragment from Madrid, Madrid Atocha station area

Norway, Finland, Denmark, the Netherlands, Poland, Czech Republic, Slovenia, Spain, Lithuania, Latvia, Ireland, Hungary











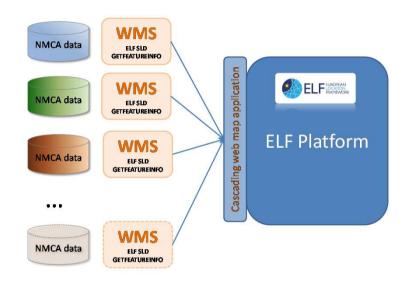






Cadastral Index Map

ELF Cadastral Index Map is a view service that provides a simplified and harmonised view of footprints of cadastral parcels geometry combined with other basic information as administrative units, addresses and buildings for pan-European use.



Service of Cascade

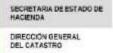
CP, BU, AD, AU

Access from a single point

Continuous map of cadastral data for the whole of Europe.

An European Cadaster!!







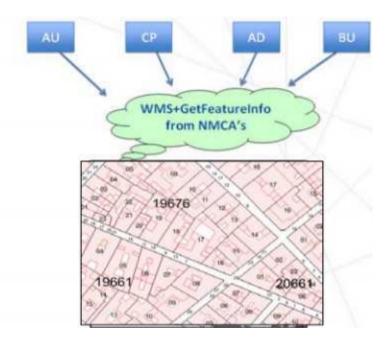




ELF Cadastral Index Map is not one single map layer. It is composed by themespecific map layers

As data comes from different INSPIRE themes and could be provided by different NMCA's; occasionally some of them may be missing.

Each theme has its layers and the styles are defined for each layer.



This will also make the ELF Cadastral Index Map visualization more flexible, as the layers can be individually switched on and off.

By still keeping the combined layers included we ensure the most simple possible inclusion of the ELF cadastral information in various client environments.







The main ELF Cadastral Index Map features that are represented in the layers are:

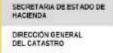
- Cadastral Parcel:
- Address:
- Building:
- Buildingpart: (if any)
- AdministrativeUnit:

Optional features:

- Cadastral Zoning:
- Cadastral Boundaries:
- Basic Property Units













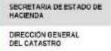
Totaly conform with INSPIRE Only is necessary to provide INSPIRE CP, BU, AD, AU WMS

The European national Cadastre are very different between them It is impossible to seek the harmonization of all aspects of European Cadastres With INSPIRE only the minimum common data has been harmonized

areaValue - superficie
beginLifespanVersion - alta de la versión
endLifespanVersion - baja de la versión
Geometry - geometría
inspireld - Identificador de Inspire
Label - etiqueta
nationalCadastralReference - referencia catastral nacional
referencePoint - centroide
validFrom - validez desde
validTo - validez hasta
Zoning
basicPropertyUnit
administrativeUnit

En el caso de que se tengan









In the ELF context, (as in INSPIRE) cadastral parcels will be mainly used only as **locators for geoinformation**.

National cadastral registers generally contain much more data and users will be able through ELF Cadastral Index Map to identify the objects and obtain the national reference.

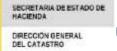
to obtain other valuable information through the national services.



ELF opens the door to the national cadastres and via cadastral reference, as key attribute, may allow to find other information as owners, values, uses etc., taking into account the **differences of the legal regulations** of such a data in the different Member States.

Approximation in two steps











GetFeatureInfo



The national ELF services shall support the **GetFeatureInfo** functionality for Cadastral Parcel and Addresses.

With it CIM permits to identify the features and to obtain both

- the national **cadastral reference** of the cadastral parcel, that gives users the opportunity to get more information through the cadastral national services,
- and the complete address of the cadastral parcel or building.



Two GFI-capable layers are expected: Cadastral Parcels and Addresses

CP.CADASTRALPARCEL: 1907401VK4810H		
Attribute	Value	
Inspireld.namespace	ES.SDGC.CP	
InspireId.localId	1907401VK4810H	
areavalue	4558 m2	
Begin lifespanVersion	2015-04-28T00:00:00	
national cadastral reference	1907401VK4810H	
Link to national cadastre reference	1907401VK4810H	
	link	

GetFeatureInfo (GFI) for cadastral parcel must return at least the national cadastral reference and **if possible a hyperlink (URL)** to access the national system.

INSPIRE cadastral parcel has few attributes. Therefore could be possible to provide the table with the attributes and the national value of them, or leave it blank if the data-provider does not have it.

AD.ADDRESS	
Value	
PS CASTELLANA, 272 28046 MADRID	

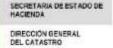
Also identify each address that is displayed in the ELF Cadastral Index Map with the **GetFeatureInfo for address.**

A template for the recommended GFI style in XML and HTML formats is provided at http://locationframework.eu/portrayal/

These two layers can be provided either by one single WMS instance or by two separate WMS instances.

Information might be provided by two different organisations.









Data Quality

Only INSPIRE requirements

The layers are those provided by NMCAs and will contain the authoritative information that shows legal or official boundaries that cannot be subjected to a process of cross-border edge-matching; it may show cadastral gaps and overlaps.

Update frequency

Update frequency is a key for cadastral data. NMCA should put efforts to offer up-to-date content.

Recommendation: If it is not possible to provide updates on a daily basis, it is recommended to provide data updated within a month of period as maximum.

Quality characteristics of the services

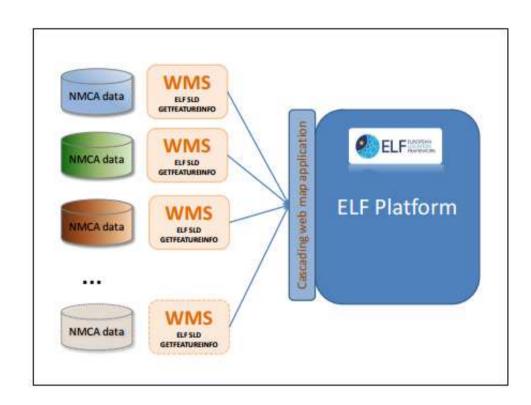
ELF Cadastral Index Map must fulfill **INSPIRE requirements for view services**. ELF Service Level Agreements are managed centrally through **Data Provider Agreements (DPA)**.







Display



ELF Cadastral Index Map production process

There are 2 possibilities to display ELF style

- 1. The national services that cannot support SLD, they will provide directly the ELF styles.
- 2. for the others that can support SLD, the ELF platform is responsible to display correctly











Portayal

The representation of the ELF CIM is based on INSPIRE data specifications of each of the layers

- CP.CadastralParcel, CP.CadastralZoning,
- AD.Address
- AU.Administrative Unit,
- BU.Building, BU.BuildingPart



In case that there are buildings or buildings parts below ground, the building is represented by over ground part.

Address is displayed by the locator designator in the access entrance as a black text and it is recommended to locate it in the access (portal) of the building or parcel and not in the centroid of the parcel since it would overlap the parcel label.

The complete address is got by getfeature info







Portayal

ELF defines the object to be represented in each range of scales and defines the size of the text.

Scale range		Style name
1:5.000 to 1:10.000	BU	BU.Building.ELFCadastre
	СР	CP. Cadastral Parcel. ELF Cadastre
	AU	AU. Administrative Unit. ELF Cadastre
1:2.000 to 1:5.000	BU	BU.Building.ELFCadastre
	СР	CP. Cadastral Parcel. ELF Cadastre
	СР	CP.CadastralZoning.ELFCadastre
	AU	AU. Administrative Unit. ELF Cadastre
1:100 to 1:2.000	BU	BU.Building.ELFCadastre
	BU	BU.BuildingPart.ELFCadastre
	СР	CP. Cadastral Parcel. ELF Cadastre
	СР	CP. Cadastral Zoning. ELF Cadastre
	AD	AD. Address. Number. ELF Cadastre
	AU	AU. Administrative Unit. ELF Cadastre

for example CP:

For scales 1: 2.000 to 1:10.000 the boundaries of the Cadastral parcel are represented but without to display labels

and for scales 1:100 to 1:2000 boundaries plus labels

Equally, for the Administrative units layer the symbology changes for each scale range



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DIRECCIÓN GENERAL DEL CATASTRO







Style BU. Building, ELF Cadastre

Style Name	BU.Suilding.EU Cadastre	
Style Title	Building ELF Cadastral Index Map style	
Style Abstract	The building reference geometry is represented by following style:	
2012/2012 (1949)	Style for surface geometries: red light with dark red outline Fill colour: light red (#ffebeb) Outline colour: red (#ff0000) Outline width: 1 px	
Minimum & maximum scales	From 1:100 to 1:10.000	

Style BU.BuildingPart.EU Cadastre

Style Name	8U.SuiklingPart.ELFCadestre	
Style Title	BuildingPart ELF Cadistral Index Map style	
Style Abstract	The building part reference geometry is represented by following style:	
	Style for surface geometries: hollow with red outline	
	• fill colour: none	
	Outline colour: red (VFI0000)	
	Outline width: 1 px	
Minimum & maximum scales	from 1:100 to 1:2.000	

Style CP.CadastralParcel.ELFCadastre

Style Name	CP:CadastralParcel,ELFCadastre	
Style Title	CardastralParcel ELF Cartastral Index Map style	
Style Abstract	Style for surface geometries: hollow with black outline • Fill colour: none • Outline colour: black (#000000) • Outline width: 1 px Text labels for the parcel Tabel*: in Arial 9 black (#000000), positioned at the parcel *referencePoint*. For scale from 1:100 to 1:2000 both the parcel outlines and the labels are shown.	
	For scale from 1:2000 to 1:10000 only the parcel outlines are shown.	
Minimum & maximum scales	from 1:100 to 1:10,000	

Style CP.CadastralZoning.ELFCadastre

Style Name	CP. CadastralZoning.ELFCadastre	
Style Title	CadastralZoning ELF Cadastral Index Map style	
Style Abstract	Cadastral zoning outline carried by the attribute geometry+ text with attribute label • Fill colour: none • Outline colour: black (#000000) • Outline width: 2 px Text labels for the Zone "label": in Arial 15 black (#000000).	
Minimum & maximum scales	from 1:100 to 1:5.000	

Style AD.Address.Number.ELFCadastre

Style Name	AD:Address.Number.ELFCadastre	
Style Title	Address Number	
Style Abstract	The address number is rendered in Arial 7 black (#000000).	
	If needed a Filter must be applied so that the address label ('designator' property) is displayed only if its type is 'addressNumber' and its position is: the postal delivery point, a point of utility service, the access point from the thoroughfare, or the entrance door or gate.	
Minimum & maximum scales	from 1:100 to 1:2.000	

Style AU.AdministrativeUnit.ELFCadastre

Style Name	AU.AdministrativeUnit.ELFCadastre	
Style Title	Administrative Unit	
Style Abstract	Style for surface geometries: hollow with red outline Fill colour: none Outline colour: red (#ff0033) Outline width: 4 px	
	Text label for the Administrative Unit name: red (#ff0033), font is Arial, font size 20 (When the layer is portrayed at scales above 1:10.000 the font size should be reduced to Arial font size 12.)	
	If needed a Filter must be applied so that the level of the administrative units is: municipality level.	
Minimum & maximum scales	from 1:100 to 1:10.000	



MINISTERIO DE HACIENDA Y ADMINISTRACIONES PUBLICAS SECRETARIA DE ESTADO DE HACIENDA

DIRECCIÓN GENERAL DEL CATASTRO



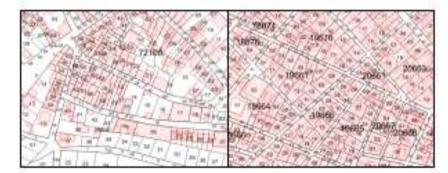




1:100 to 1:2.000

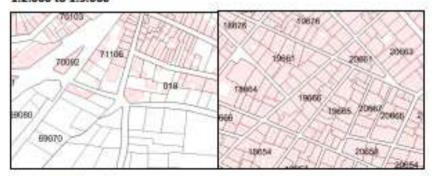


1:1.000 rural and urban zones



1:2.000 rural and urban zones

1:2.000 to 1:5.000



1:2,000 rural and urban zones

CP.CadastralParcel

Default



BoundariesOnly
ReferencePoinOnly

23

ELFCadastre

CP.CadastralZoning

Detault



BoundariesOnly ELFCadastre

23456

AD.Address

Default

.

Number ELF Cadastre.

172

BU.Building

Default

ELFCadastre

BU.BuildingPart

Detaut

ELFCadastre



Detautt

ELFCadastre

AU AdministrativeUnit

Detault

Madrid 800000 1 2 0000 1:10 0000

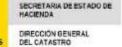
ELFCadastre

Madrid Sceles + 1:10:000



AU tayer is imported them the asso juditations. Au CANS an part of the natures influences dels and it is produced by its institute Geographic Resolves' de Espaina 300C is not the legal merefatory organization temporphilis for AU layer.





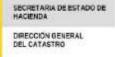






- Portrayal consolidated and published at ELF portrayal repository
 http://www.locationframework.eu/portrayal/cadastralmap-2.1/
- GetFeatureInfohttp://www.locationframework.eu/getFeatureInfo









ELF cadastre is the more detailed map, is accessed from other topographic maps with harmonized information for other topics of inspire as geographical names, hydrography and transport network, etc..









http://demo.locationframework.eu/





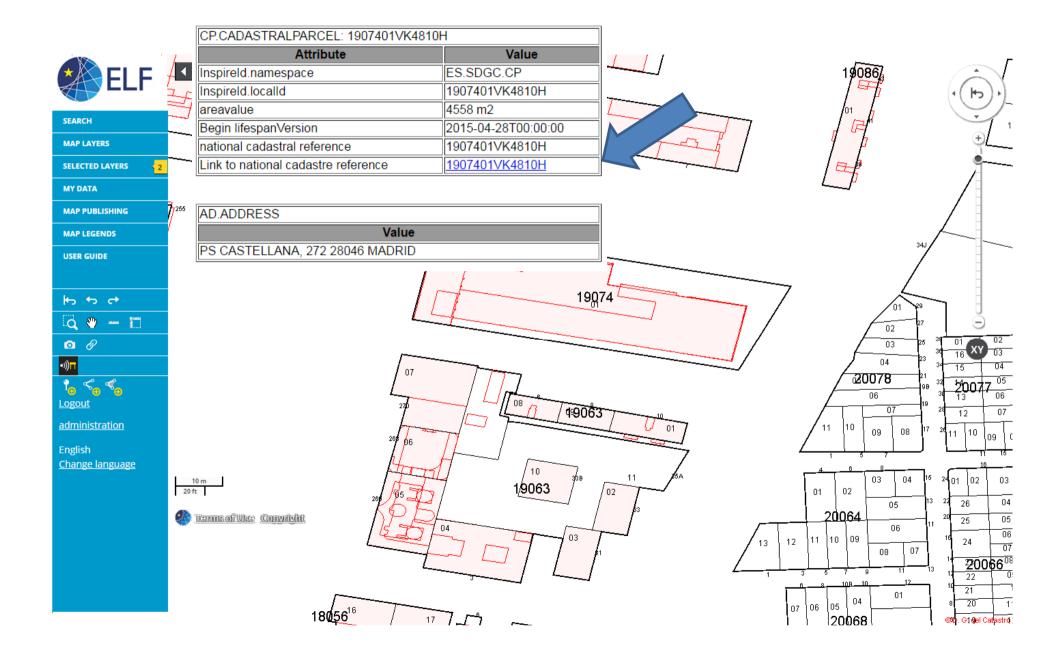
SECRETARIA DE ESTADO DE HACIENDA

DIRECCIÓN GENERAL DEL CATASTRO











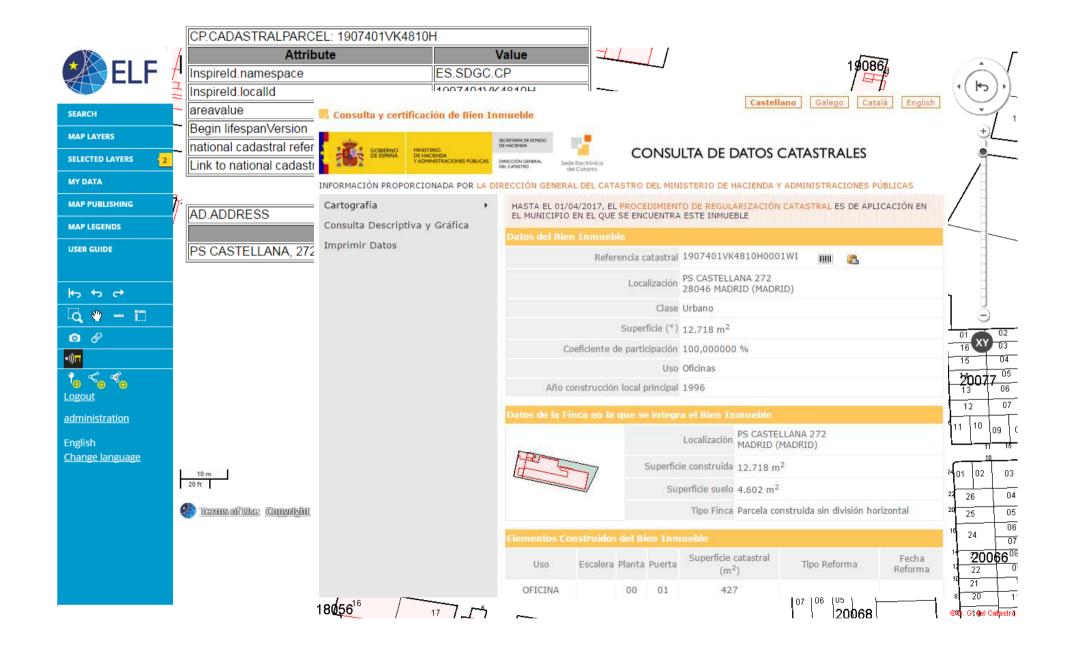
SECRETARIA DE ESTADO DE HACIENDA

DIRECCIÓN GENERAL DEL CATASTRO

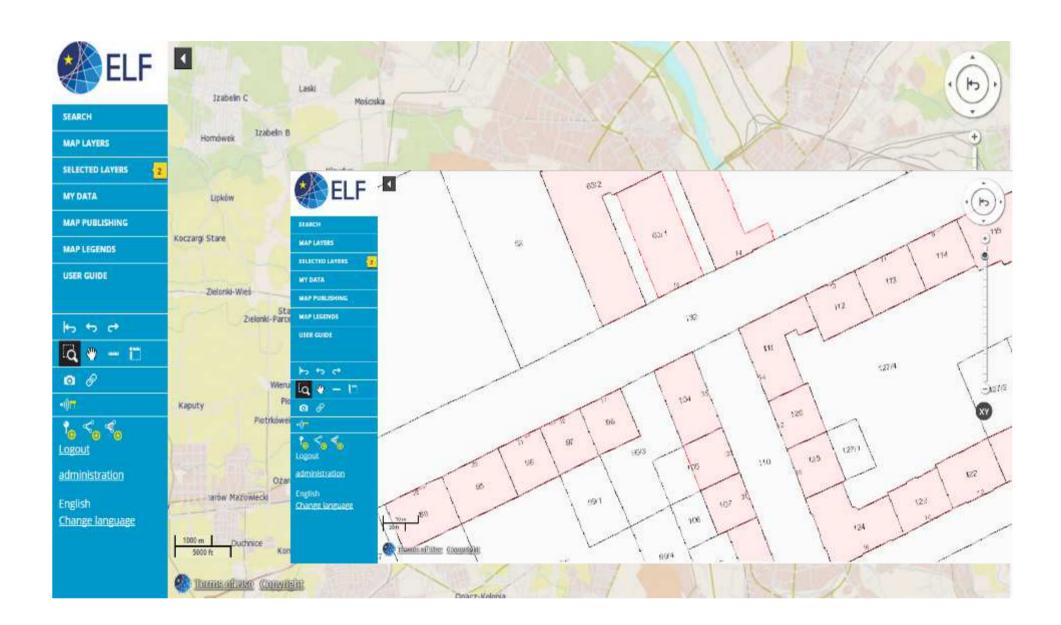




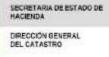












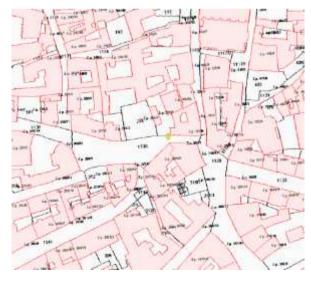








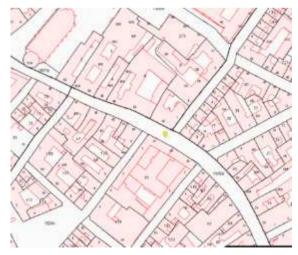
Eslovenia Liubliana



R CZ: Praga



Holanda: Amsterdam



Dinamarca: Copenhague

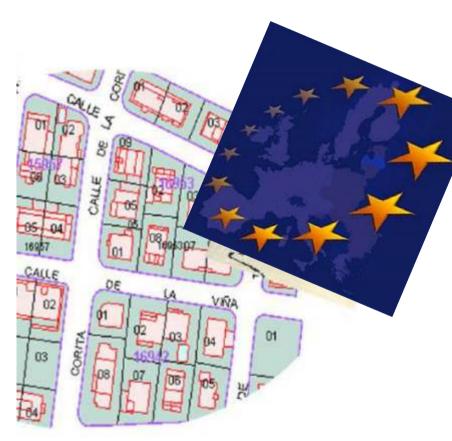












Role of National CLR Systems i the ELF-Cadastre Project

- 1- Introduction....Why?
- 2- What ELF is?
- 3- ELF Cadastral Index Map
- 4- Other ELF products and services
- 5- ELF applications
- 6- Access to ELF products
- 7- Future
- 8- Conclusions



Other ELF products and services

The Basemap

(topographic)

- ★ Specification and technical guidelines
 - ★ELF Topographic Basemap
 - ★ELF Administrative Basemap













The Geolocator

European gazetteer++ service including place names, addresses and administrative units

Candidate for the common EU Gazetteer proposed in ELISE (ISA²—action)

Pariisi Parísi Párizs Paryžius Parize Paríž Pariz Parigi Παρίσι Paříž Paris Paris Pariis Pariis Parys Pariz Pariz

georeferencing service that serves multilingual European geographical names data

Themes: AD, AU

Use cases

search functionality for place name or address returns the place name or address nearest to clicked location place name content visualized on top of other content



The Cascaded Services



Download structured data across national boundaries

Single point of access -

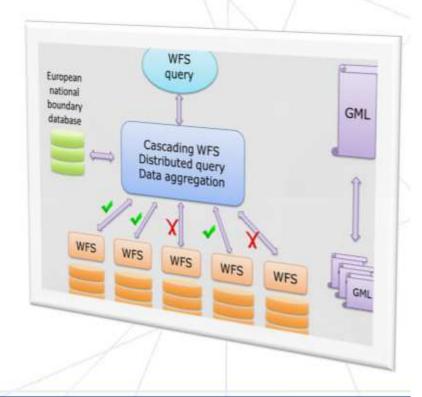


single query – transparent access



Uses national services in real time





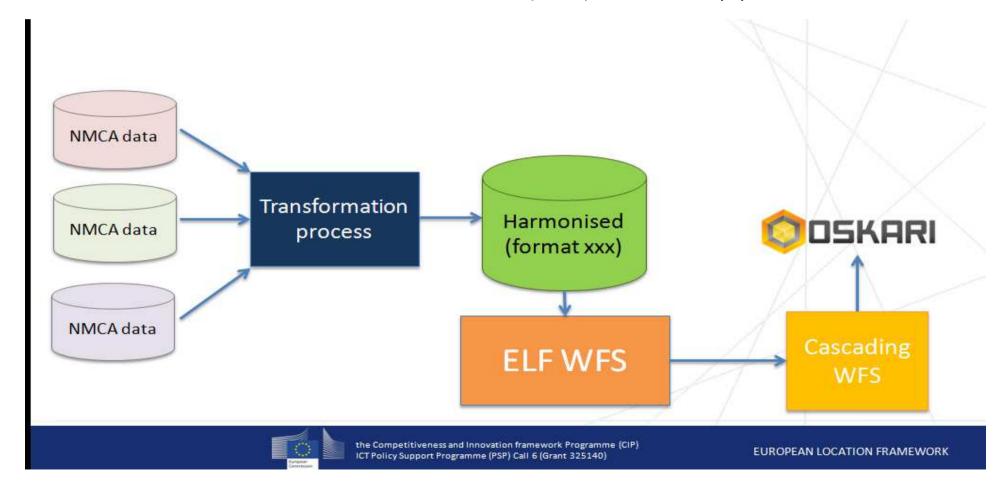








- ★ ELF Direct Download services
 - ★ Cascades/Single access points
 - ★ 102 National direct download services(WFS), 30+ in the pipeline



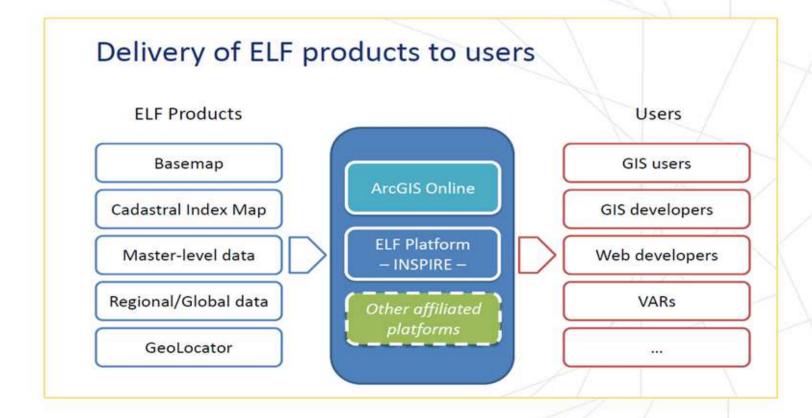








Affiliated platform













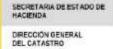
Transformation, Data Quality Validation, Generalisation, Edge Matching, Visualisation, Change Detection, Table Joining Service

- Security and License Manager
- Testing environment
- ... and Innovative applications!













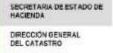




Role of National CLR Systems in the ELF-Cadastre Project

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- 8- Conclusions











The ELF Cadastral Index Map and the WFS of CP, BU, AD, AU will meet the requirements of the main use cases that need CP, BU and AD as geolocators of human activities; for example:





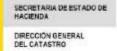






- Real Estate Information
- Insurance risk assessment application
- Companies that utilize the ELF base map together with various reference data themes and hazard data layers
- E-justice Portal where ELF Cadastral Index
 Map can provide the geographic information
 that is needed to access to the legal
 information.
- European Land Information Service (EULIS)
- etc

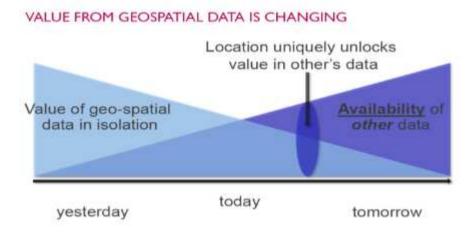








Much of the value for end users resides in products and services that
 combine this authoritative data from the NMCAs with data from other
 sources and possibly even derivative information arrived at through some
 intelligent processing.



- **Application developers** in five pilot areas were on board from the beginning of the project.
- The intention remains to attract as many application developers as possible and to encourage them in making use of the ELF products and services.

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DIRECCIÓN GENERAL DEL CATASTRO









Real Estate



The Real Estate Application (REA), led by WirelessInfo, focuses on accessing public sector information on various governmental levels including local/municipal, regional, and national levels. The application is targeted mainly at real estate agencies. Other target groups include citizens, municipalities and investors.

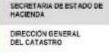
REA is based on the developments and achievements of the Plan4business project while using the ELF platform as a source of geospatial data. The Plan4business project developed a platform for aggregation of spatial planning data, i.e. data related to spatial planning such as urban and spatial plans, land use data, protected areas, transport network and cadastral data. The application is focused also on non-spatial data such as economic, environmental and statistical data that can be linked to spatial planning data within the Plan4business application.

REA reuses data such as transport network, addresses and cadastral information provided through the ELF platform to enable pan-European services for real estate applications. REA not only offers data itself in an integrated, harmonized and thus ready-to-use form, but also offers rich analysis and visualization services via an API and an interactive web interface.

TWITTER







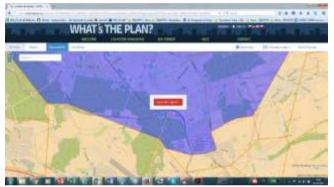


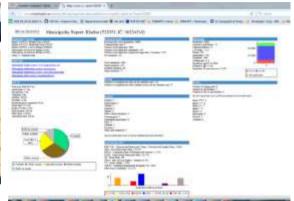




ELF – Real Estate Application

Whatstheplan.eu update





Leaflet E.L.F viewer

http://wirelessinfo.cz/elf/



- E.L.F. Viewer is light thematic viewer of Thematic Maps with information relevant for spatial planning, decision process, investment and real estate.
- allows access maps everywhere from computers and mobiles

- E.L.F. Mobile Apps
- Etc..



MINISTERIO
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Y ADMINISTRACIONES PUBLICAS

SECRETARIA DE ESTADO DE HACIENDA

DIRECCIÓN GENERAL DEL CATASTRO



Euro Geographics



LOCATIONFRAMEWORK

ELF Services Website

APPLICATIONS MENU

Overview

Health Statistics

Real Estate

Insurance

Emergency Mapping

Telecommunications

SEARCH

Search



Insurance



Europa Technologies has used the ELF platform to engineer an insurance risk assessment application making use of its extensive network of contacts in this sector in the UK and around the world to ensure that it has industry feedback and support for the application.

The risk assessment model, ELF Risk Insight, utilises various sources of authoritative and third party data to provide a natural catastrophe risk assessment score for new and existing policies in a sample region of Europe. By implementing this service instance, the ELF platform provides a consistent and accurate way for insurance and re-insurance companies across Europe to assess the risk of natural catastrophe and the insurance claims that follow. This is of benefit to insurers who will be more competitive and consumers who will appreciate competitive premiums.

Europa Technologies applied its combination of geospatial and domain knowledge to the integration of ELF services within the insurance risk assessment application, specifically the GeoLocator and ELF Topographic Basemap services. In particular the insurance and re-insurance companies will appreciate the ability to use reliable data in their decision making process, without having to make separate licensing arrangements with each NMCA.

TWITTER





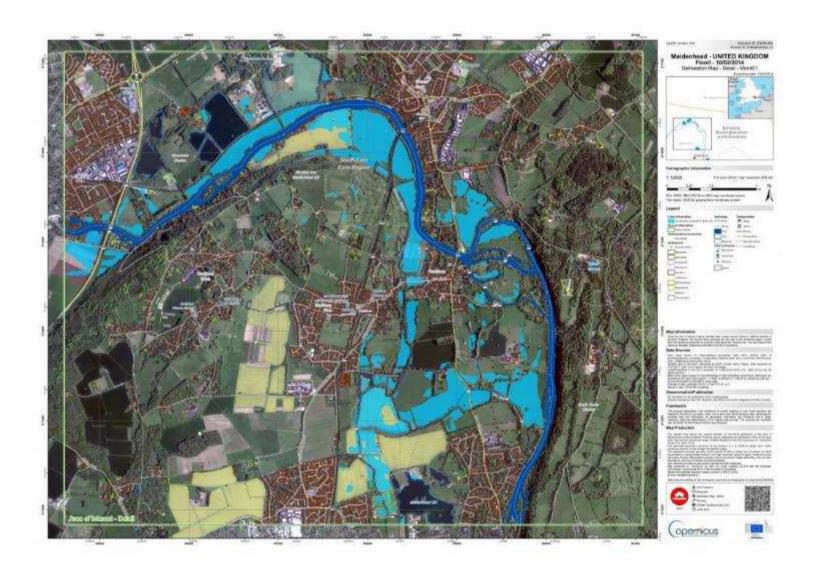




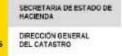




Europa Technologies: ELF Risk Insight: Risk model





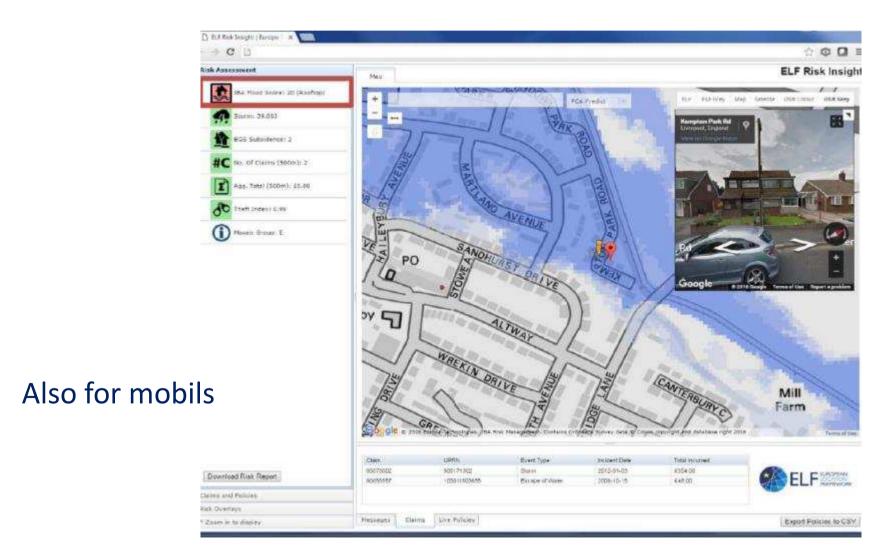








Europa Technology: ELF Risk Insight: Risk Model combined with other data



DIRECCIÓN GENERAL DEL CATASTRO







LOCATIONFRAMEWORK

ELF Services Website

APPLICATIONS MENU

Overview

Health Statistics

Real Estate

Insurance

Emergency Mapping

Telecommunications

SEARCH

Search

Emergency Mapping



This work was led by ITHACA, which currently acts as 24/7 available Emergency Mapping service provider. In the arena of emergency response, saving time and working with accurate, up-to-date mapping information can improve the emergency response coordination and effectiveness.

Most of the standard products to be delivered are based on reference geospatial datasets such as selected topographic features of the area affected by the disaster, in particular exposed assets. Often these reference datasets exist at the local level but cannot be retrieved in a short time frame and therefore are useless in the contest of rapid emergency response activities.

Based on comparisons with real and simulated activations, the ELF platform has proven to minimise the current timeconsuming digitising operations based on the visual
interpretation of suitable satellite images, thus drastically
reducing the delivery time for data. Furthermore, the
geometric and thematic accuracy of standard digital maps and
raster topographic maps available at local level is generally
higher than that achievable through digitising ortho-corrected
satellite imagery. Naturally, the benefits depend heavily on
the completeness of the NMCA datasets/themes as well as on
the level of detail and up-to-dateness.



SECRETARIA DE ESTADO DE HACIENDA

DIRECCIÓN GENERAL DEL CATASTRO











Emergency Mapping use case (ELF WP7) Emergency Mapping exercise Main outcomes and findings



Fabio GIULIO TONOLO









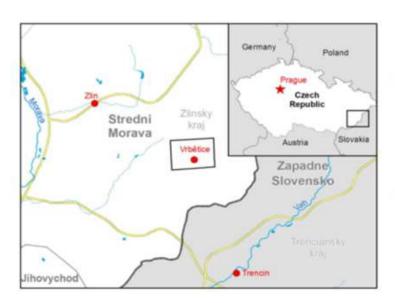


EMERGENCY MAPPING EXERCISE

Industrial Accident in Vrbětice (Czech Republic)

Copernicus Emergency Management Service (© 2015 European Union), EMSR113

On December 3rd, 2014, a series of blasts took place in a munitions depot at Vrbětice in south Moravia (Zlinsky Region), which was already affected in mid-October by a devastating explosion.















ELF [EMSR113] Vrbětice: Reference Map (Detail)

Main input datasets: open data manually refined exploiting the NMCA orthoimagery





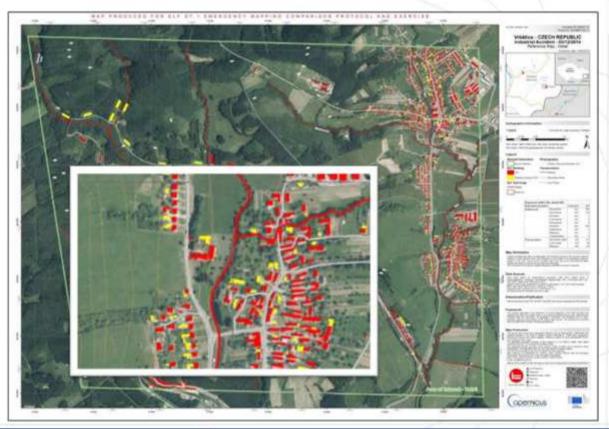






ELF SAME MAP WITH ELF DATASETS

Main input datasets: ELF download services (CZ-BU, CZ-HY)



Not only cartography but also thematic information: use of the building, number of dwelings etc...



EMERGENCY MAPPING USE CASE (part of ELF WP

Main outcomes

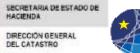
Possible improvements produced by the exploitation of ELF NMCA dataset and web services mainly classified in terms of:

- · reduction of time required for the execution of the expected activities
- reduction of operational steps to be carried out
- streamlined workflow

Therefore → reduction of time required to produce reference cartographic products, allowing then a faster delivery of final products to the users













European E- justice Portal

europa.eu	A N C E
Página principal	
Derecho	El Portal Europeo de e-Justicia está pensado para ser en el futuro
Jurisprudencia	una ventanilla única en el ámbito de la justicia.
Sistema judicial	Lo primero que procurará es facilitar la vida del ciudadano ofreciéndole información sobre los sistemas jurídicos y mejorando el acceso a la justicia en la UE en 23 lenguas.
Profesiones jurídicas y redes de la	

Do they need an map interface?

Do they need access data through the map?.

With the ELF cadastral Index Map?











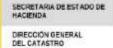




A pilot project

- To study the opportunity to embed mapping functionality through the use of ELF Services in the online application
- additional functionality to the existing E-Justice Portal
- The inclusion of mapping will provide a richer experience to the user and allow them to validate that they are accessing the correct information

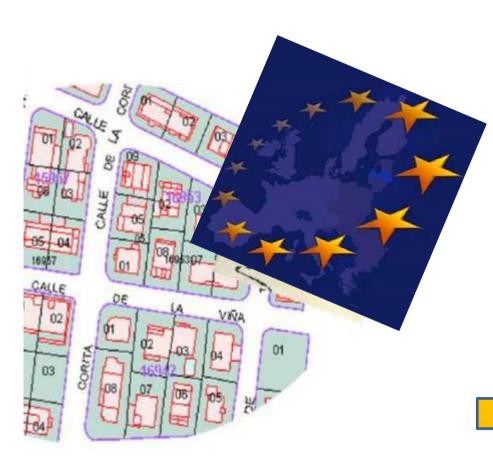








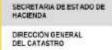




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Sustainable access and use

Simplify licensing and access to pan-European data. Unique access to all data





Simplicity

Licensing must be easy to understand and apply to the user's needs

Harmonised terms and conditions

Principles of ELF Licenses

Incorporating the data providers national requirements

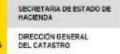
ELF viewing products (WMS, WMTS)

Pricing, when required, will be based on transactions (tile) or subscription

ELF download products (WFS)

Pricing, when required, will be based on features downloaded -











Access to the ELF Products

Applications and affiliated platforms



Geo Product Finder (Discovery and Metadata)

Licensing

Pricing



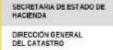
Authentication, authorisation and accounting



ELF Data and Services















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A lot has been achieved

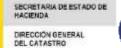
- ★ Without ELF, there would be very few advanced INSPIRE services over reference data around!
- ★ The only large-scale cross-border integration and harmonisation activity!

But - still much to do

- Missing data and coverage for some use cases; e.g. European Union
- ELF national services quality should be improved
- Data license terms and conditions
- ★ Change only updates required, but not yet available















1 November ELF has moved into a transition phase which starts to transfer responsibility for the future of ELF to EuroGeographics.

Data content providers will continue to deliver to ELF

Software providers will cover license fees and support to allow the architecture to continue beyond the project for a period of 2 years (After which new contracts will have to be made)

In the early stages of the transition, EG will be supported by key members of the ELF Project Management Group to ensure effective continuity with the work of the project.







Over time, ELF and its future development will be fully managed by EuroGeographics and its members.

Continue to explore funding opportunities - likely to be a mix of funding from EU Institutions and commercial streams

It is all about the **Content!**



Data content providers in 2016/17



Joined 2016 (7 countries)

Data provider outside project (4)

Contributors to ELF Global/Regional through EuroGeographics products ERM,EGM,EBM















Someone can be thinking..

Yes It is

My data are protected.....

It is not necessary......

We don't know how

We pircing

Why Eurogeographics, why promote its business

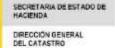
provide then only the index map

ELF helps you and it is only inspire, that anyway you need to do it.

It is ok. Elf would pircing in the same conditions

technical infrastructure Who else can do it?

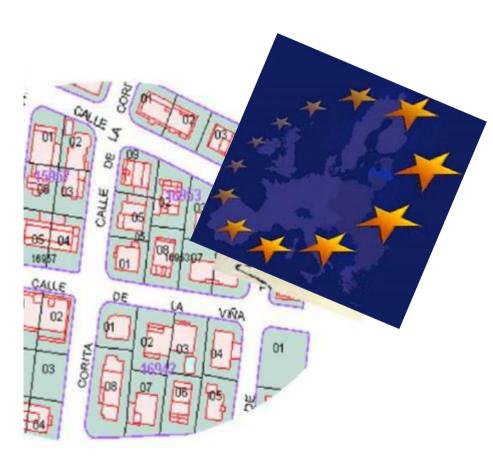








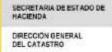




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Conclusions



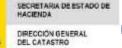
There is a demand for cadastral data by the EC and the European citizens and businesses.

Spite of the problems of heterogeneity of cadastral data in Europe, we have a solution that allow us to generate a European Cadastre that meets this demand.













European Location Framework (ELF): http://www.elfproject.eu/

http://demo.location framework.eu

Servicios INSPIRE de Cartografía Catastral:

http://www.catastro.minhap.es/webinspire/index.html

CORDA: http://insitu.copernicus.eu/corda

UN-GGIM: http://ggim.un.org/

EuroGeographics: www.eurogeographics.org

E-justicia https://e-justice.europa.eu/







¿Questions?..... Thanks a lot.

FRAMEWORK

Amalia Velasco Martín-Varés irección General del Catastro. Spain