

# Transformation to theme GN (ERM -> ELF Regional)

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**Author: Anja Hopfstock (BKG)** 

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# Agenda

- ★ Source data
- ★ ELF data model
- ★ Matching tables
- ★ Issues





# **ERM General settings**

Coordinates	Geographical in degrees (longitude, latitude) with decimal fraction and based on the ETRS89 spatial reference system (which corresponds to WGS84 reference system)
Horizontal geometric resolution	equivalent precision of 5 meters or 0.2 in arc-seconds or 0.00005 in decimal degrees
Positional accuracy	125 meters
Minimum size of polygon	0.06 km²
Feature coding structure	DIGEST FACC Edition 2.1, Sep. 2001
Character sets used	UNICODE system or ISO8859 –series
Metadata	According to INSPIRE

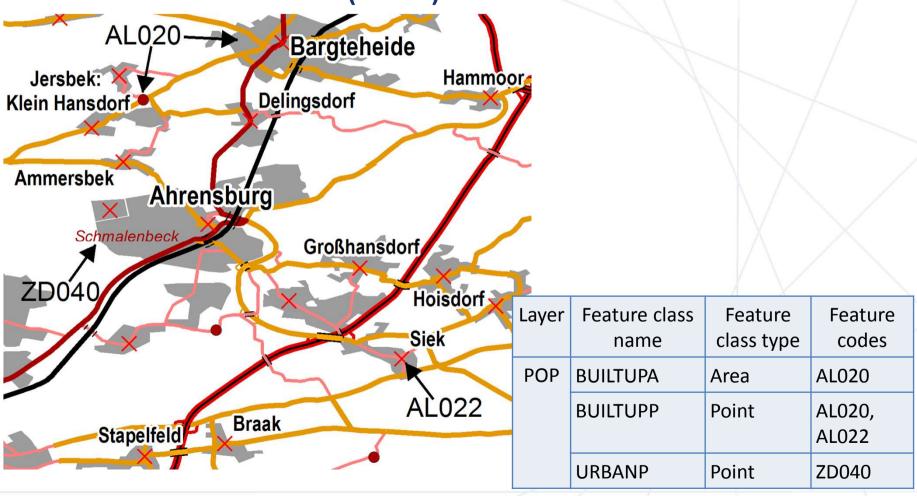


### **ERM Core attributes**

FCSubtype	Name of the Feature Type
inspireId	External identifier of the spatial object
beginLifespanVerion	Date and time at which this version of the spatial object was inserted or changed in the spatial data set
F_CODE	The Feature CODE using the DIGEST coding, i.e. "AP030" identifying the road feature.
ICC	The ISO 3166-1 2-char Country Code defining the country dataset to which the feature belongs. In case of more than one country, the codes are delimited by # and set in alphabetical order. This ICC attribute is added for the handling of the data in a seamless coverage.
SN	Symbol Number, a numeric identifier that will be used for easy viewing purpose
LEN/ARA	Length in km, Area in km² (where applicable)

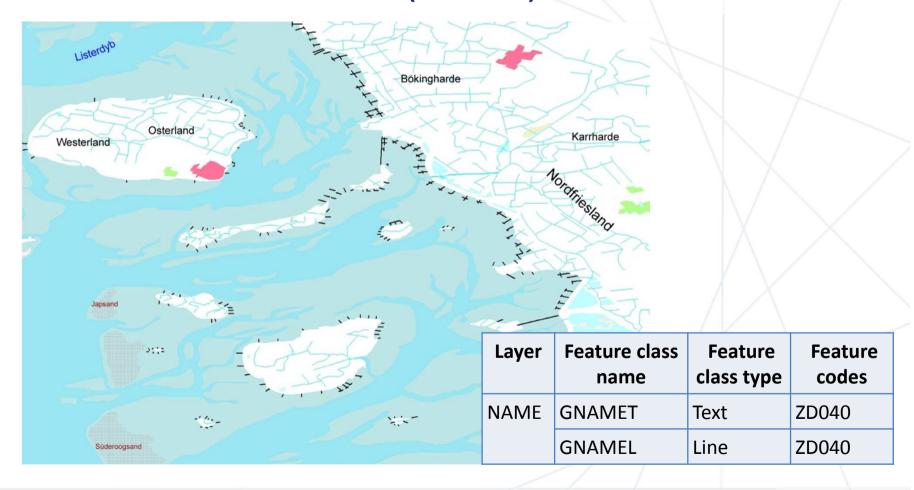


### ERM Settlements (POP) - Areas





## **ERM Named Location (NAME) - Annotation**





### ELF data model

To cover the content of ERM Settlements (POP) and Named Location (NAME):

- ★ GN Geographical Names
  - ★ Point representation of settlements (BuiltupP AL020 and AL022)
  - ★ Geometry limited to GM Point for Regional/Global LoD
  - \* Additional attributes
- ★ LC Land Cover
  - ★ Area representation of settlements (BuiltupA AL020)



#### «featureType» NamedPlace

- + geometry :GM\_Object
- + inspireld :Identifier
- + name :GeographicalName [1..\*]

#### «voidable, lifeCycleInfo»

- + beginLifespanVersion :DateTime
- + endLifespanVersion :DateTime [0..1]

#### «voidable»

- leastDetailedViewingResolution :MD\_Resolution [0..1]
- + localType :LocalisedCharacterString [1..\*]
- + mostDetailedViewingResolution :MD\_Resolution [0..1]
- + relatedSpatialObject :Identifier [0..\*]
- + type :NamedPlaceTypeValue [1..\*]

(from INSPIRE Consolidated ML Model::Themes::Annex I:: Geographical Names: Geographical Names)

#### «featureType» NamedPlace

- EGNType :EuroGeoNamesLocationTypeValue [0..1]
- populationIndication :PopulationIndication [0..1]

#### constraints

{geometry is point (only Regional and Global)} (name is ELF GeographicalName)

(population on NamedPlaces of type populatedPlace)

#### «codeList» NamedPlaceTypeValue

- administrativeUnit
- building
- hydrography
- landcover
- landform
- populatedPlace
- protectedSite
- transportNetwork
- other

(from INSPIRE Consolidated UML Model:: Themes::Annex I:: Geographical Names::

Geographical Names)

#### «dataType» GeographicalName

+ spelling :SpellingOfName [1..\*]

#### «voidable»

- + language :CharacterString
- + nativeness :NativenessValue
- nameStatus NameStatusValue
- sourceOfName :CharacterString
- pronunciation :PronunciationOfName
- grammaticalGender :GrammaticalGenderValue [0..1] grammaticalNumber :GrammaticalNumberValue [0...\*

(from INSPIRE Consolidated ML Model::Themes::Annex I:: Geographical Names: Geographical Names)

> «dataType» GeographicalName

+ referenceName :Boolean [0..1]

#### «dataType» SpellingOfName

+ text :CharacterString

#### «voidable»

- + script :CharacterString
- + transliterationScheme :CharacterString [0..1]

(from INSPIRE Consolidated UML Model::Themes:: Annex I::Geographical Names::Geographical Names)

#### «codeList» Name Status Value

- + official
- + standardised historical
- other

(from INSPIRE Consolidated UML Model::Themes::Annex I::Geographical Names:: Geographical Names)

#### «codeList» GrammaticalGenderValue

- + masculine
- + feminine
- + neuter common
- (from INSPIRE Consolidated UML Model::Themes::Annex I::Geographical Names:: Geographical Names)

#### «codeList» NativenessValue

- endonym
- exonym

(from INSPIRE Consolidated UML Model::Themes::Annex I:: Geographical Names:: Geographical Names)

#### «codeList» GrammaticalNumberValue

- singular
- plural
- dual

(from INSPIRE Consolidated UML Model::Themes::Annex I:: Geographical Names:: Geographical Names)

«codeList» **EuroGeoNamesLocationTypeValue** 

#### «union» PopulationIndication

- populationNumber :Integer
- populationRange :PopulationRange

#### «dataType» **PopulationRange**

- lower :Integer
- upper :Integer

constraints (upper should be greater than lower) {lower should be greater than or equal to 1}





### **Data Transformation Scenario**

- 3. Snowflake transforms your data using the mapping table you provide
  - ★ Share your national UML data model -> The UML models, combined with the matching tables, provide a better overview of the relationships between object classes.
  - ★ Indicate a point of contact in the matching tables



Table	Esri Shapefile records	PostGIS table Rows
BUILTUPP	273,510	273,510
BULITUPA	37,860	37,860





# Schema Mapping

	Application Schema 'RegionalGlobal_GeographicalNames' (version 2.0)							Application Schema				
Туре	Documentation	Attribute Associati on role Constraint	Attribute / Association role / Constraint	Values / Enumerations	Multiplicity	Voidable / Non- Voidable	Transformation Specification	Туре	Documentation	Attribute Associa tion role Constraint	Attribute / Association role / Constraint	Values / Enumerations
rtypes:NamedPlace refer seve	Any real world entity							AL020/AL022 BuiltupP				
	referred to by one or several proper nouns.Source	beginLifespanVersion	Date and time at which this version of the spatial	DateTime	1	voidable	setValue(VoidValueReaso n = unpopulated)	ZD040 GNameT				
	[INSPIRE, theme GN]	endLifespanVersion	Date and time at which this version of the spatial	DateTime	01	voidable	setValue(VoidValueReaso n = unpopulated)					
		geometry	Geometry associated to the named place. This	GM_Object	1		сору			BuiltupP.SHAPE GNameT.SHAPE	feature geometry	point Polygon?Point?
		inspireld	External object identifier of	Identifier	1		NewGUID					
		leastDetailedViewing Resolution	Resolution, expressed as the inverse of an indicative scale or a	MD_Resolution	01	voidable	IF F_CODE = 'ZD040' THEN see Mapping Tables: A30	JEN 33 33 9 pe		GNameT.SID	Symbol Identification	
		localType	Characterisation of the kind of entity designated by geographical name(s), as defined by the data	LocalisedCharacterString	1*	voidable	IF F_CODE = 'ZD040' THEN see Mapping Tables: A3 ELSE setValue (localType = settlement)			GNameT.CNL	Category for Named Location	
		mostDetailedViewing Resolution	Resolution, expressed as the inverse of an indicative scale or a	MD_Resolution	01	voidable	setValue(mostDetailedVie wing = 75000)					
		name	Name of the named place.	GeographicalName	1*		see ComplexTypes					
		related Spatial Object	Identifier of a spatial object representing the same entity but appearing in other themes of INSPIRE, if any.NOTE If	Identifier	0*	voidable	IF (F_CODE = 'AL020' OR F_CODE = 'AL022') THEN setValue(relatedSpatialObj ect=PopulatedPlaceID)			BuiltupP.PopulatedPlaceID		
		type	Characterisation of the kind of entity designated by geographical name(s).SOURCE	NamedPlaceTypeValue * administrativeUnit* building* hydrography* landcover* landform*	1*	voidable	IF (F_CODE = 'AL020' OR F_CODE = 'AL022') THEN setValue('populated Place') ELSE setValue('landform')					
			populationNumber	The number of inhabitants for a populated placeSource [ERM]	PopulationRange	01		IF (F_CODE = 'AL020' OR F_CODE = 'AL022') THEN see ComplexTypes				



# Schema Mapping

	Applic	cation Schema 'Re	egional_Geograph	icalNames' (versi	on 0.1)					-	Application Schem
Туре	Documentation	Attribute Associa	Attribute / Association role /	Values / Enumerations	Multiplicity	Voidable / Non- Voidable	Transformation Specification	Туре	Documentation	Attribute Associa	Attribute / Association role /
GeographicalName	Proper noun applied to a real world	TOTAL CONTENTS						AL020/AL022 BuiltupP ZD040 GNameT			1 AACTON
Supertypes:Geogra phicalName	entity.Source [INSPIRE, theme GN]	language	Language of the name, given as a three letters code, in accordance with	CharacterString	1	voidable		25040 Onumer		NLN1/NLN2	ISO 639-2/B 3-Char Language for NAMN1/NAMN2
		nativeness	Information enabling to	NativenessValue*	1	voidable	setValue('endonym')	i			
		name Status	Qualitative information	NameStatusValue*	1	voidable	setValue('official')				
		sourceOfName	Original data source from	CharacterString	1	voidable	setValue('EuroRegionalMap')				
		pronunciation	Proper, correct or etandard (standard within	Pronunciation Of Name	1	voidable	setValue(VoidValueReason =				
		spelling	A proper way of writing	SpellingOfName	1*		see SpellingOfName below				
		grammaticalGender	in the hehaviour of	GrammaticalGenderValue		voidable					
		grammaticalNumbe	noune that expresses	GrammaticalNumberValue	01	voidable					
		referenceName	referenceName indicates	Boolean	1.			<u></u>			
PopulationRange	The number of inhabitants either expressed as a real							AL020/AL022 BuiltupP			
	value or a range.Source [ERM]	population	The number of people within an area (for	Integer	01		IF (PPL <> -29997 OR PPL <> - 29998) THEN copy			PPL	Population Place Category
	THE SHIP CONTRACTOR	lower	Population lower range.Source [ERM]	Integer	01		IF (PP1 <> -29997 OR PP1 <> - 29998) THEN copy			PP1	Population Lower Range
		upper	Population upper range.Source [ERM]	Integer	01		IF (PP2 <> -29997 OR PP2 <> - 29998) THEN copy			PP2	Population Upper Range
SpellingOfName	Proper way of writing a name.Source [INSPIRE,										
Supertypes:SpellingOfN ame	theme GN] NOTE	text	Way the name is written.	CharacterString	1		сору			NMAN1/NAMN2	name
	Proper spelling means the writing of a name with the correct capitalisation and the correct letters and discritics present in an accepted standard order.	script	Set of graphic symbols (for example an alphabet) employed in writing the name, expressed using the four letters codes defined in ISO 15924, where applicable. SOURCE Adapted from [UNGEGN Glossary 2007]. EXAMPLES Cyrillic, Greek, RomanLatin scripts. NOTE 1The four letter codes for Latin (Roman), Cyrillic and Greek script are "Latin", "Cyri" and "Greek" respectively.	CharacterString	1	voidable	IF NLN1=BULTHEN setVallue(script="Cyrf") ELSEIF NLN1=GRE"THEN setValue(script="Crek") ELSE setValue(script="Latn")			NLN1/NLN2	ISO 639-2/B 3-Char Language for NAMN1/NAMN2



NamedPlace	Transformation	Comment	New Changes	
beginLifespanVersion	setValue(VoidValueReason = unpopulated)	Ok	Ok	
endLifespanVersion	setValue(VoidValueReason = unpopulated)	Ok	Ok	
geometry	сору	Ok	Ok	
inspireId	NewGUID	Ok	Ok	
leastDetailedViewingResolution	IF F_CODE = 'ZD040' THEN see Mapping Tables: A30	For AL020/AL022 leastDetailedViewing should be set depending on the PopulationNumber	The leastDetailedViewingResolution value is based on the population value. The lookup table for the population values has been included in Section 3 of this document. There are no ZD040 values in the table.	
localType	IF F_CODE = 'ZD040' THEN see Mapping Tables: A3 ELSE setValue (localType = settlement)	Ok	Ok	
mostDetailedViewingResolution	setValue(mostDetailedViewing = 75000)	Missing	The mostDetailedViewingResolution has been created as a constant with value: 75000	
name	see ComplexTypes	Ok	Ok	
relatedSpatialObject	IF (F_CODE = 'AL020' OR F_CODE = 'AL022') THEN setValue(relatedSpatialObject=PopulatedPlaceID)	Seems to contain the localID instead of the PopulationPlaceID?	Having checked the mapping it seems that this has correctly been mapped to the PopulationPlaceID and not the localID. Could you clarify what you mean by localID?	



### Issues

type	IF (F_CODE = 'AL020' OR F_CODE = 'AL022') THEN setValue('populated Place') ELSE setValue('landform')	Missing in QGIS, GML contains the PopulationPlaceID instead	The type value has been set to 'populated Place' where F_CODE = 'AL020' OR F_CODE =
		of the type?	'AL022' and set to 'landform' for everything else.
populationNumber	IF (F_CODE = 'AL020' OR F_CODE = 'AL022') THEN see ComplexTypes	Ok, but if population is given lower/upper can be empty?	It has been modified to contain the following logic: if population is less than 1 then publish lower and upper else don't publish lower and upper.



### LeastDetailedViewing

★ Value for the scale denominator set based on the population

Class	lass Classification		leastDetailedViewing
Class	Class	ilication	Scale denominator
6	1	1,000	75.000
5	1,001	5,000	100.000
4	5,001	50,000	200.000
3	50,001	100,000	300.000
2	100,001	1,000,000	500.000
1	> 1,000,000		500.000



### Results

- ★ Quality checks
  - ★ GoPublisher built-in validation
  - ★ Altova XML-Spy
  - ★ Visual: QGIS



