### INSPIRE KEN - 05 June 2016

## Progress of UN-GGIM: Europe Working Group A on Core Data

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### Plan

- Introduction
- Core data complementing INSPIRE
  - General approach
  - Theme examples
  - Conclusions
- FAQ
- How you can contribute





### Introduction





### May 2014 Preparatory Report to UNGGIM Europe

- Authoritative geospatial data are used to
  - support both the implementation of public policies
  - the development of downstream services
- Geospatial data are required to be homogenous
  - to enable the implementation of public policies in a coherent and coordinated way among countries
  - opportunities exist if services developed by industry can be exploited without requiring country specific adaptation
- Available geospatial data remain heterogeneous between European countries
  - → Some datasets at European level which may duplicate and be inconsistent with the existing data in use at a national level
- → Therefore it is desirable to intensify the coordination between countries and the European institutions to identify, define, produce and distribute pan-European harmonised geospatial core data



### Creation of Working Group A on Core Data

### 15 European countries

- Austria
- Belgium
- Finland
- France (chair)
- Italy
- Germany
- Netherland

- Greece
- Poland
- Spain
- Sweden
- Switzerland
- Turkey
- UK





- Observers
  - JRC, EEA, EuroSDR



### **UN-GGIM: EUROPE**



### UN-GGIM: Europe Core Data WG «A» What is Core Data?

- Core data is priority data
  - Geospatial data
  - The most useful to analyse, achieve or monitor the SDGs
  - Directly or indirectly





### Objectives of the Working Group "A" on European Core Data

- Define Core Data and encourage UN European
   Member States to produce and supply it
  - Common requirements → common (minimum) content
- Define priorities for producing new data or for improving existing data
  - Recommendations for Content: meant for decision-makers and data providers





### WG A work plan

#### **Recommendations for Content**

Core data scope

Recommendations for Content

Economic model, political and financial frameworks for supporting core data availability





### The Two Steps of the Working Group "A" on European Core Data

### First Step

Selecting Core Data Themes

### Second Step

Defining Content of Core Data Themes





### 1<sup>st</sup> Step List of selected core data themes

**Annex III** 

Buildings

Land use

Soil

Annex II

Elevation

Geology

Land Cover

Ortholmagery

Statistical units

Natural risk zones

Sea regions

Atmospheric conditions

Bio-geographical regions

Habitats and biotopes

Species distribution

**Energy resources** 

Mineral resources

Human health and safety

Utility and governmental services

Environmental monitoring facilities

Production and industrial facilities

Agricultural and aquaculture facilities

Population distribution - demography

Meteorological geographical features

Oceanographic geographical features

Area management/restriction/regulation

### Annex I Coordinate Reference Systems

Geographical Grid Systems

**Geographical Names** Administrative Units Addresses

Cadastral Parcels

Hydrography

**Protected Sites** 

**Transport Networks** 

### To know more

– INSPIRE KEN Webinar about UN-GGIM on December 2016:

<a href="https://eurogeographics.org/knowledge-exchange/inspire-ken/inspire-meetings-events/">https://eurogeographics.org/knowledge-exchange/inspire-ken/inspire-meetings-events/</a>

- UN-GGIM: Europe Website (to find WG Core data deliverables)

http://un-ggim-europe.org/content/wg-a-coredata





# Core data complementing INSPIRE General approach





### How is core data complementing INSPIRE?

- INSPIRE is about harmonisation of existing data
  - Common (exchange) model
  - Still heterogeneous content (no scale, voidable attributes)
- Core data is about encouraging production of new data (or upgrade of existing data)



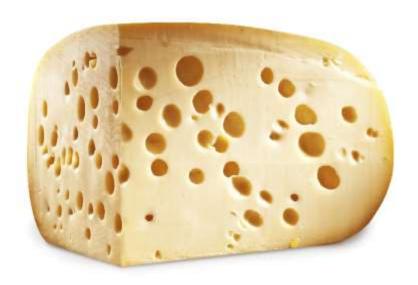
CORE DATA: CONTENT



**UN-GGIM: EUROPE** 



### **Comparison with INSPIRE**



The INSPIRE big cheese with lots of holes



Users begin to complain: not so much to eat!



The core data cheese: smaller but compact and really filled



### **UN-GGIM: EUROPE**

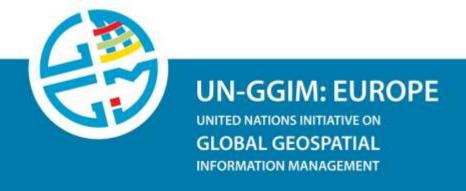


### **Comparison INSPIRE / Core Data**

	INSPIRE	UN-GGIM: Europe WG core data
Driver	European Commission (DG ENV, JRC, Eurostat, EEA)	United Nations (UN-GGIM: Europe Executive Committee)
Geographic scope	European Union Political Europe	Geographical Europe
Universe of Discourse	Policies and activities that may have impact on the <b>Environment</b>	Sustainable Development (environment, economy, society)
Main topic	Data delivery	Data production
Status	European Directive Legal obligation for MS	UN Recommendation Encouragement to MS

### **Objectives of core data WG**

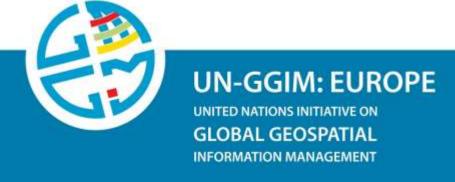
- Work out 'Recommendations for Content' for the selected themes
- Based on
  - Existing standards: mainly INSPIRE
  - User requirements with focus on SDG related use cases





### Methodology for core data WG

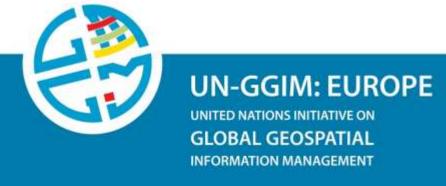
- Features and attributes
  - Core data is about minimum content
    - → in general, we have less than INSPIRE
    - → extract priority information from INSPIRE data models
  - Core data has wider Universe of Discourse than INSPIRE
    - INSPIRE about environment, core data about SDG
    - We may have more than INSPIRE → add missing elements





### Methodology for core data WG

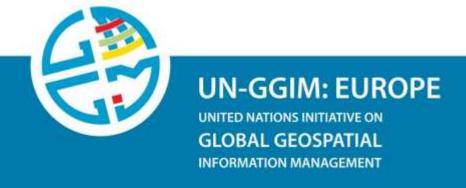
- Other content components
  - Hardly nothing in INSPIRE
  - Core data is adding quality recommendations
    - Geographic extent
    - Level of detail, scales
    - Quality criteria (accuracy, completeness, ...)
    - Data capture rules





### Principles of core data recommendations

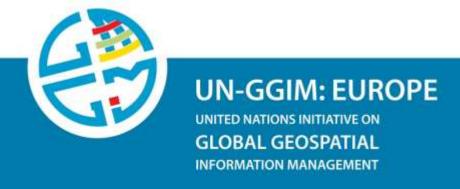
- 3 types of recommendations:
  - Core recommendation: highly required, achievable => ideally, short term action
  - Good practice: bring added value to core data => to be encouraged
  - Further considerations: data for innovative applications => long term





### Principles of establishing core data recommendations

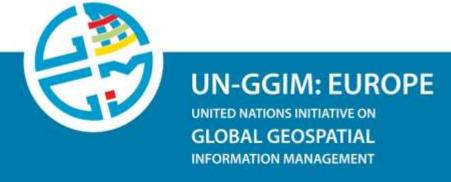
- An iterative process:
  - Preparation phase (investigation, discussions, ...)
    - → initial draft
  - Review by WG A on core data
    - → consolidated draft
  - Review by whole geo-statistic community
    - → definitive deliverable





### **First results**

- Different focus & added value according to INSPIRE themes:
  - "well-defined themes" : CP, AD, AU, ...
    - Mainly quality criteria
  - "rich themes" with lots of features of attributes : TN, HY
    - Mainly extracting core information
  - "empty themes": EL, OI, LC
    - Levels of detail
    - Content (DTM+DSM or just DTM, infra-red or just RGB, ...)





Theme	Analysis	Decision Making				Draft Deliverable		Consolidated Deliverable WG A Review		Definitive Deliverable General review		
AD												
AU												
СР												
GN												
HY												
TN												
EL												
OI												
LC												
SU												
BU												
LU												
US												
AM												
	INFORMATION MANAGE	MENT								WHI.	AL!	

# Core data complementing INSPIRE Theme examples





### **Examples**

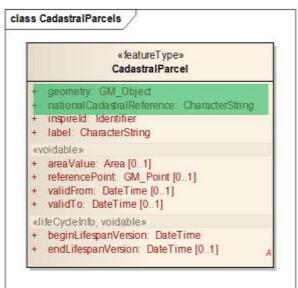
- Case 1: restricting INSPIRE data model (CP)
- Case 2: extending INSPIRE data model (GN)
- Case 3: adapting INSPIRE data model (Basic Services)

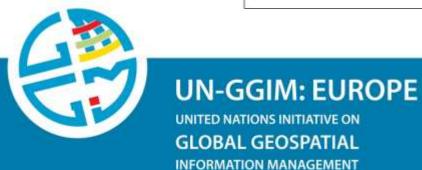




### **Case 1: Cadastral Parcels**

Extracting priority features and attributes from INSPIRE data model







### **Case 1: Cadastral Parcels**

- Other content components Adding quality recommendations:
  - Encourage cadastral parcels forming a partition of territory
    - Geographic extent: whole (land) territory
      - Cadastration of public domain encouraged
    - Completeness
    - Good topology (no gaps or overlaps)
    - Cadastral parcels as single areas
  - Encouraging efficient link with land registry
    - Temporal consistency between cadastral map and land registry





- Extending INSPIRE data model
  - More detailed classification of named places
    - Use of EGN code list
    - Or national code list matchable with EGN one
  - Objective criteria for selection of named places (e.g. for mapping)
    - Population (for named places)
    - Area (by representing named place with true geometry not just by a point)

Document the reliability of "true" geometry





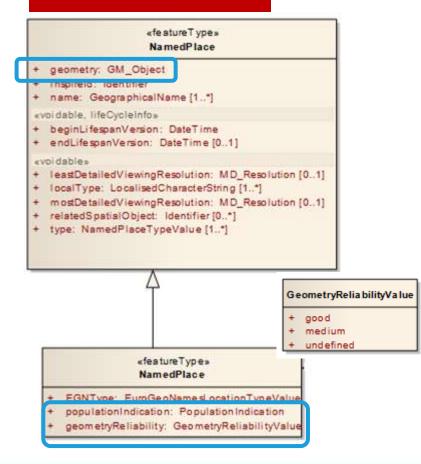
#### **INSPIRE**

#### 

Interpreted selection criteria in INSPIRE.

Objective selection criteria encouraged for core data

#### Core data





#### **UN-GGIM: EUROPE**



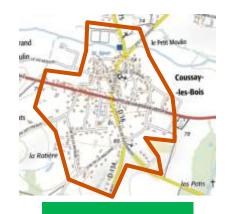
Geometry reliability

#### GeometryRelia bilityVa lue

- + good
- + medium
- + undefined







Medium



Undefined



**UN-GGIM: EUROPE** 



- Other content components Adding quality recommendations
  - Production driven: scope limited to named places not in other themes
    - Populated places
    - landform, land cover
    - ...
  - Different quality rules for endonyms and exonyms.





### **Case 3: Basic Services**

### Context

- INSPIRE theme US was selected as last one among core data themes
- At least, sub-theme "Governmental Services" was very useful and feasible
- Many SDG mention "access to basic services"



Scope of theme US was strongly revised

Core theme was renamed « Basic services »



**UN-GGIM: EUROPE** 



### Case 3: Basic Units

Administrative and social governmental services (INSPIRE)

Extend INSPIRE (for governmental services)

Other public services

Keep only key features of other data models

Power plant

Utility Networks (INSPIRE)

Landfill, waste treatment plant

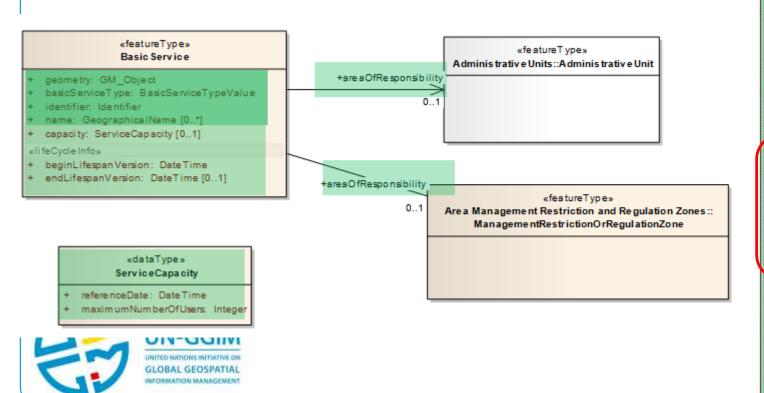
Environment
Management Facilities
(INSPIRE)



Considerations for future?

### Case 3: Basic Units

- Modifying INSPIRE data model
  - Specific core data model
    - Widely based on US GovernmentalServices
    - Rationale: different scope, INSPIRE code list not extensible



#### «code List» Basic ServiceTypeValue

- 1 energySupplyFacility
- 1.1 nuclearPowerPlant
- 1.2.thermicPowerPlant
- 1.3.hydro-electicPowerPlant
- 2 waste Management Facility
- 2.1 disposal Site OrLandfill
- 2.2 wasteTreatmentPlant
- 2.3 wasteWaterTreatmentPlant
- 3 educationService
- 3.1 preprimarySchool
- + 3.2.primarySchool
- 3.3 secondarySchool
- 3.3.tem arySchool
- 3.4 otherSchool
- 4 health Service
- + 4 1 hospital
- + 4.2 emergency Medical Service
- 5.safety Service
- + 5.1 policeStation
- 5.2 fireStation
- + 5.3 rescueStation
- + 5.4 civil ProtectionSite
- + 5.5.courtOrTribunal
- ⇒ 5.6 prison
  - 6 defenceSite
- 7.1.sportFacility
- 7.2.campingSite
- 7 3.oublicPark
- 7.4.200
- 7.5.library
- 7.6.culturalCentre
- 7.7.recreationPark
- 7 8.concedHall
- 7.9.theatre
- 7.10.opera

- 3.1 town Hall
- + 8.2 embassy
- 9 social Service
- 9.1 residenceForElders
- 9.2 residenceForDisabledPersons
- 9.3.cem eterv
- 10 economicService
- 10.1 postOffice

# Core data complementing INSPIRE Conclusions





### Main differences with INSPIRE

INSPIRE	Core data	Consequences
Harmonise existing data	Define priorities	Selection of core features and attributes => globally, we have less than INSPIRE
Delivery	Production	If necessary, revise scope of each theme => avoid overlaps
For environment	For sustainable development	Some extensions may be required

GLOBAL GEOSPATIAL INFORMATION MANAGEMENT



### Core data and INSPIRE: Producer point of view

- Core data "recommendations for content"
  - Widely based on INSPIRE data specifications
  - Compatible with INSPIRE
    - Generally, a selection of priority features and attributes
    - If extensions or modifications, overlapping content is matchable with INSPIRE

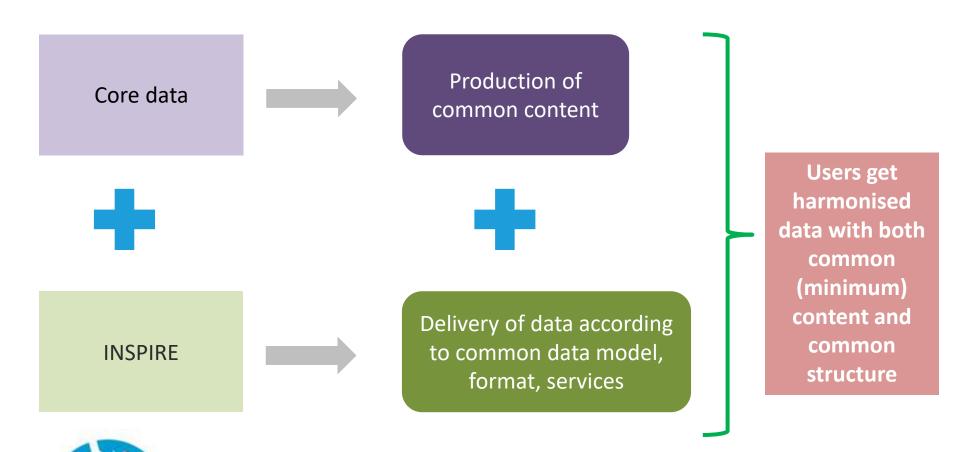


Core data will be easy to transform into INSPIRE data models

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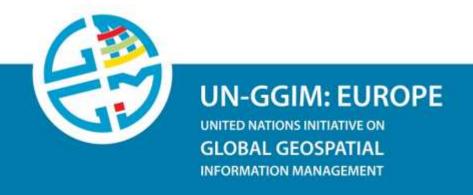
#### Core data and INSPIRE: user point of view







### Frequently asked questions





# What is the European Commission position regarding core data?

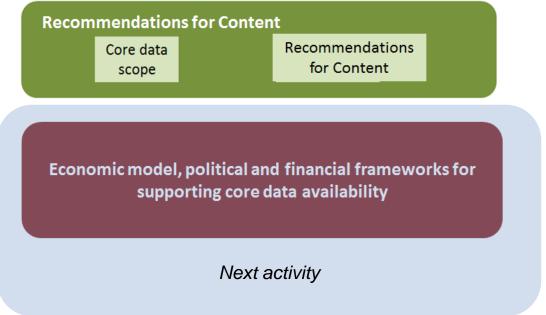
JRC and EEA are observers of the WG Core data

 Globally a big interest about the approach of core data (e.g. Eurostat)

 Even if some reservation when core data recommendations don't fully align with INSPIRE data specifications (JRC observer)

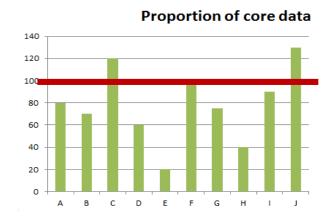


Should be investigated & decided in next activity





- However, some draft answers
  - Core data is already (partly) available



- Core data is (mainly) about enhancing existing data.
- Efforts to implement core data will depend on themes and on countries.
- Core data is desirable minimum content; some countries may have more or better data.

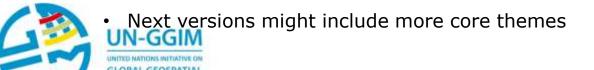








- However, some draft answers (cont.)
  - Good willing of data producers
    - Because of relevant recommendations!
    - Pushed by WG A through review process and communication
  - Pushed by users
    - Interest of statistical community
  - Potential input to future versions of EuroGeographics Core
     Reference Data
    - First version limited to TN and HY for CLC Backbone



We support the Core recommendations and Good practices and either they are implemented or are useful to be implemented in the future - Lithuania (Review on CP)

- Expected difficulties to address
  - Core data is about recommendations.
    - No legal obligations
    - → no guarantee it will be implemented everywhere
  - Might be more difficult to promote core data among the data producers that are not NMCAs
    - Sea data (GN EL)

- Land Cover - Land use

Regulated areas

- Basic services



## Will we have to set up core data services in addition to the INSPIRE services?

- Core data is expected to be delivered:
  - Through (enhanced) national products
  - Through (enhanced) INSPIRE data
  - Rather than in addition to them

Economic model, political and financial frameworks for supporting core data availability



To be investigated in next activity

## What is the articulation between core data and Global Fundamental data?

To be discussed after next presentation!

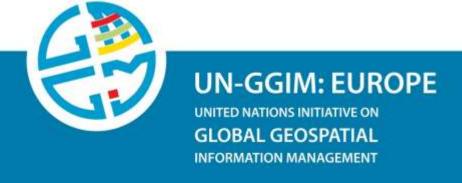


#### How you can contribute?





- By answering the invitations for contributions of WG A
  - Contribute to the review of Core Data "recommendations for content"
    - Deliverable about "Buildings" just opened to review (till August 2018)
  - Answer questionnaire(s) if any
- By disseminating awareness about core data activities within your NMCA and within your national community
- By promoting the implementation of core data (once deliverables are definitive)





### Thank you for your attention



